Additional Material for the Scotland-Lesson

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School type: Compulsory Secondary Education
Topic: Learning Scottish Music: Instruments, Rhythms,
Melodies
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1 Interviews with the teacher

1.1 Interview BEFORE the lesson (I)

- I: interviewer
- T: teacher
- 1 I: Let's start. Ok, so my first question would be what are your plans for tomorrow's lesson?
- 3 T: Tomorrow's lesson, I'm going to focus on the performing element of music and the 4 listening element of music when pupils arrive I will have the learning intentions 5 on the smart board for them to see. We will discuss these learning intentions and 6 how we will be able to achieve these learning intentions successfully. I choose the 7 learning intentions and I also put up how we will achieve them successful but I like 8 the pupils to discuss it. Further on in the term I let pupils choose their own learning 9 intentions and how they would be successful in achieving them so they get a little bit more independent with that process. Em, then pupils will recap our Scottish 10 11 instruments topic by doing a game I call musical charades. Except they're allowed 12 to talk and I will have a picture of Scottish instruments on the smart board, the 13 pupil standing in front of it and he will or she will have to ask the class questions. And they can say yes or no. and we bring in the charades, they ask for a clue they 14 have to act out how you play that instrument. So it could be quite funny and quite 15 comical and it eases pupils into the lesson. And it's a good fun lesson starter and it 16

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recaps the instruments from a descriptive point of view from making sure they say what family of the orchestra that it's from or perhaps what it sounds like. After that, pupils will then, em, be at their desks and they work with an exercise on Scottish dances. Pupils have already been introduced to Scottish dances what they're called, how many beats in the bar, a tempo and what you can say along in times with the music. They will do a paired activity using cards that are colour coordinated and they will have to match the dance to the tempo, to the beats in the bar to what you can see in the music and then transfer that information on to a worksheet, so we have written evidence of what they have been learning. Once they've done that I will then play the Scottish dances in a test format and let them guess which or let them work out, hopefully not guess work, what dance they are hearing and why. While they're doing their paired activity I'll play some music in the background so you can get used to hearing and we'll go over the pairs and make sure they made the correct matches. Once that has been created I hopefully will be halfway through the lesson. Pupils will then be anxious to get on to the instruments so pupils have the chance to choose the instruments they want to do and we have a choice of guitar, bass guitar, drum kit, glockenspiel and keyboard. Pupils know the piece of 'Braveheart' rather well em with a few tweaks to make sure that keyboard players are using the proper hands and they're not using the two hands for one melody. All that depending on their level of ability, some pupils can't do that so they can manage, then I allow that so that they can still participate, but we do like one hand for the melody one hand for the chords. Tuned percussionists will go through that part, bass guitarists and guitarists make sure their guitars are in tune and that they're playing in time with one another, cos they have different parts and we have two drummers which will practise their rhythms. We will then rehearse the piece from top to bottom. I will ask pupils for feedback what they think was good about it how we could improve it em maybe the instrumentation. In previous lessons pupils have taken ownership for when the instruments should come in, what instruments should play first, what instruments should play together. And em we do a final performance, pupils will then put their instruments away and then we will recap the lesson. Em we will look at whether we achieved our learning intentions, were we successful is there anything that we need to improve on.

- 50 I: Sounds awesome.
- 51 T: Hopefully.
- 52 I: Ya. So about the instruments. Are all pupils able to play every instrument or...
- T: Yes. In first and second year pupils are given the chance to play keyboard, tuned percussion, guitar, bass guitar, drum kit and voice. Now, they're given this option, it doesn't mean to say that all pupils take that option.
- 56 I: Okay.
- T: Then. Sss. Some pupils prefer keyboard and prefer to stick with it and as long as they've given another instrument a shot, I'm happy then for them to stick to their favourite one.

- 60 I: Ok.
- 61 T: Em. Some pupils can opt to get one-to-one instrumental instruction, em, that 62 happens in first year they can choose whether or not they want to do that. We have 63 a number of woodwind, brass and string and percussion instruments on offer for 64 that.
- 65 I: Alright. Good. So, em, yeah, you mentioned this already a bit but maybe precisely, 66 can you tell us or tell me what you want the students to learn. What is your learning 67 intentions?
- 68 T: Well, tomorrow, from the word go-- work as a team. Because they will be working 69 with a partner when they're pairing up the concepts. Musically I want them to be able to recognise the dances that they are hearing. I want them to take 70 independence for their learning and in that sense they will be doing a quiz because 71 72 they're working with a partner then. Em. They also can take independent with em independence with their learning when they're practising individually. And then 73 74 when we come together as a group that again reinforces that team work. Em, 75 musically I want them to be able to recognise the dances, I want them to be able to 76 listen to one another while they're playing, playing in time. I want them to be able 77 to comment on the performance whether the performance was good or whether it 78 needed improving. I want them to be able to suggest improvements. And give 79 constructive feedback to their classmates as well as comment them when they've 80 done well.
- 81 I: Okay. Good.
- 82 T: Hopefully. In a nutshell.
- Right. Okay. Em, can you tell me about something about the class. Do they have certain characteristics?
- Yes. They're a very lively class. The reason I chose this class for em this project is we've ee a phrase, they have good banter.
- 87 I: Okay.
- 88 T: They have really good chat. And they are keen to get involved and they get involved in group tasks and they get involved in discussions sometimes you have to kind of 89 90 steer them on to the right path of discussion, cos we can get a bit distracted. There 91 are one or two characters in the class that are quite shy. But they seem to do well 92 within this environment and quite often you can bring them out of their comfort 93 zone and they can get involved in things and it's nice when that happens. Doesn't 94 happen every lesson. But it's nice when you do see it happen. Actually a number of 95 the boys that has blurred(?) tease, he's quite, he's quite shy.
- 96 I: Okay.
- 97 T: And a number of the boys that have asked not to be interviewed they can be quite reserved. But the fact that they're participating in the lesson, I'm thrilled about it, cos they have the option not to. So, I'm really, really please about that. We, it's a musical bunch, em, we have some very good guitarists, some very good drummers within the class and some good all-rounders, that go around all the instruments, I'm pleased to say. Because I have one second year class that just wants keyboards

- all the time. And I think, is that not really boring, you know. You've got all these other instru... no, keyboard. Okay. You know, whereas this class likes to get involved, they like to try out new instruments, like to try things out. So that was the reason I chose this class.
- 107 I: Okay. And are there pupils who are musically active in their free time. Playing in a band...
- 109 T: Within that class, em, Not necessarily playing in a band, musically active in the 110 sense they keep up what we're doing in in school, at home. Because they have 111 instruments at home. And, they have em we have a guitarist in the class and he 112 practises at home and teaches himself pop songs, you know (incomprehensible) guitar and things. And a lot of the girls prefer the keyboards at home. Not prefer, 113 they like to play keyboard at home, because they have em keyboards at home and 114 115 they practise what we've done in class. Or they learn something new and they bring it in the performance to me or to classmates which is great. But with regards to 116 117 bands e no one as far as I am aware they're not involved actively in any bands. They 118 have the option to be involved in bands in school. We have an orchestra in the 119 school, we have a (incomprehensible) band in the school and a couple of our senior 120 students have created rock bands which are good.
- 121 I: Right. And are there any students who take private music lessons?
- 122 T: Within this class?
- 123 I: Yeah.
- T: E, no not within this particular second year class. There aren't any taking private music lessons, no.
- 126 I: Right. Ok, em, how would put the lesson into a broader context. Can you explain the larger unit of this particular lesson?
- 128 T: Yes, well, we, it's a Scottish music topic. So, that comes under all sorts of 129 responsibilities (incomprehensible) citizenships as well as our health and well-130 being of the (incomprehensible) pupils need to be aware of their environment and 131 how they contribute to their world around them. Not only that, if they continue with music throughout the school, Scottish music always comes up in our exams. 132 Because it's Scotland. So they need to have a good understanding of this topic, 133 134 because it will appear in future exams. Em. It just enhances their sort of citizenship, their pride, their understanding that they have for this country and you know 135 136 learning about people like Robert Burns and that kind of ties in with projects they 137 do with English. Or indeed times of year like, St. Andrew's Day or Robert Burns day 138 ties in nicely with that. We're coming up to St. Andrew's Day at the end of
- 140 I: Okay.

141 T: Does that answer your question?

November. So it ties in well with that.

- 142 I: Yes it does. Thank you. Em, (incomprehensible) Okay. Em, so for you personally, what is generally of importance for music teaching--?
- T: For me. Em, I think that (incomprehensible) is a big thing, because as we know as a musician you have to be committed there's a lot of personal practice time you

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have to do by yourself. You have to show commitment to the instrument, you have

commitment to an orchestra or a band that you're in. So I like to encourage that with my students in class. And rather than just give up after the first instance. Try again. Because you might get it by persevering practising and hope that's a skill they can also take to other subjects. If they were stuck in a sum in math. Maybe break it down like they did with a piece in music. Take it tiny little sections. Go over it. Practise it and then eventually build on (incomprehensible) So that's something I like to push them at class. I like my students to take the role of a pupil seriously. Arrive to class on time, and you know on time. Arrive well equipped. I'm here equipped. I don't turn up to them without the resources to teach. So I do not expect them to turn up without their resources to learn. I like them to take independence with their instrument. I don't run and get their instruments out for them I let them do it. I don't get their music books out I let them do I let them put it away. I let them take their pride in the classroom. I like them to leave it exactly as they found it. I like my classroom to be tidy and neat and these are all skills that can be transferrable across you know their life skills. It's skills that they will take and they eventually get a job one day. So I hope, I hope by doing that it helps to build those characteristics. Musically, is just wonderful if the kids can read music straight off the (stave?) without any note names written on the keyboard without note names written out on their instruments. And that's something I'm keen to do. I, on the music I don't have note names written underneath every single note. I allow the pupils to work out half the old one because we find just with experience with the pupils that by having it completely away they struggle with it. So we put one or two in. Em. I allow pupils note names on the keyboard if they want to help them but again it's not something that I promote. So it's not something that happens that often. It is certainly happening less and less as we go on with taking note names away on the music. It's something we're seeing pupils improve with. Em. I want them to have a good understanding of what we're learning. Em I want to make sure that I am clear in what I am teaching and that they understand so they, if they were to go home and somebody was to say to them: what did you learn in music today? They were able to say, well, we played bass guitar, or I learned about a Scottish snap. Something as well as that as long as they can recall something from the lesson that's accurate. I'll be happy. Okay. Good. Am I right if I say that making music, playing music is central in your lessons? Absolutely, yes. We tend to think, we tend to divide the music lessons into kind of

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T: three elements of performing, inventing, composition or listening. And, em, in this lesson we have performing and listening and we tend to have performing as the stable (core) whether it be performing with listening or performing with inventing. Em. Partly due to pupil voice because the pupils love performing it is their favourite thing to do. They aren't so keen on the listening and they aren't so keen on the inventing so if we can have the carrot on the stick as performing we'll perform. They kids will also listening or will also do some composition. It tends to run them

- round and performing lends itself so well to listening because you can perform the concepts that you are listening to and it pre... it lends itself well to inventing cos you can perform your invention.
- 192 I: That's what they do as well. They perform their own songs. Okay.
- 193 I: Good. I think that was it already. Maybe just one last question. Can you say that you stick to certain principle theory in music teaching?
- 195 T: Mhmh. Like the theory of the lesson?
- 196 I: No, a general theory of music teaching.
- 197 T: Oh.
- 198 I: Maybe, I don't know. Like what you were taught at university for example.
- 199 T: Em, I... I ... in relation to the lesson or the
- 200 I: In general
- 201 T: In general
- 202 I: Your music teaching
- 203 T: My music teaching, I, uff, I would say that I'm constantly reflecting on my teaching 204 so I don't stick to a format. In different classes different things work the musical 205 charades game I've only really started introducing that this year and it was just 206 through a sort of fun lesson starter what can we do for five minutes to recap where 207 the pupils can have start a little bit silly you know but still learn and quite often we 208 are not in the music room so I have to adapt my teaching. And em at times when 209 we can all (incomprehensible) so I have to adapt my music teaching there's no way 210 can you know practically teach music in an economics room. So(incomprehensible) different ways. Em, with the changes in the curriculum that 211 we are going through just now we're encouraged to think of new ways to deliver 212 213 the curriculum of new ways to teach and with the new kids coming through the 214 school and meeting new characters this for or five (?) years, again listening to pupil 215 voice in each lesson what they want to do. Sometimes they come up with great suggestions themselves: Why didn't I think of that? Let's try it ok. Sometimes it 216 217 works, sometimes it doesn't.
- 218 I: Okay.
- 219 T: But university certainly gave me the foundations in order to be able to do that. But 220 even with the increasing technology things change. You know I use the smart board 221 more now than I would have done at university because there is new technology 222 available to me. And discussions with other members of staff seeing what they're 223 doing across the school across the subjects and trying to incorporate that into my 224 own lessons as well. Some things that work for geography also work for music. It's 225 not correct for content but it's the technique and the way it's delivered. So I 226 wouldn't say I do follow a particular theory or strategy. Em, I'm forever adapting it 227 and reflect upon it. I presume that if I was to teach this lesson again it would be 228 different.
- 229 I: Okay. Great. Thank you for being here.
- 230 T: No, not at all. I hope it helps.
- 231 I: It does.

1.2 Interview AFTER the lesson (II)

- I: interviewer
- T: teacher
- 1 I: Ok. So. My first question would you please tell me spontaneously what you think of the lesson.
- T: Overall I was very pleased with the lesson I thought the pupils responded well to each of the activities that took place. Em the pupils seemed to enjoy it. That's always good. They don't want to be bored. And they achieved what I wanted them to achieve and they recognised that they achieved it as well.
- 7 I: Good. Em, was there a point where the lesson did not run as you planned it.
- 8 T: Yes, Em, when I handed out the cards and pupils had to match up the dance to the 9 tempo to the beats in the bar. Em I noticed that some groups had finished quicker 10 than others and I hadn't planned for this and I hadn't even thought about it but on the other side of cards I had labelled whether it was a dance, a tempo marking, 11 beats in the bar or indeed what you can say about the music. So I thought well 12 rather than have you sit and do nothing I turned it into a game and made them play 13 14 pairs and I hadn't even anticipated to do that. That wasn't even something I planned it was just by sheer luck and coincidence that I labelled the cards in that 15 16 way. So it meant that they could do a game while the others caught up. And then I 17 thought I want it to move on as soon as everyone caught up but then they were 18 keen to do the game and it was an incentive for them to hurry up with their sheets 19 so I thought right we allow, we let them have a wee moment for them to get back 20 on the task and then see once the music's finished we'll then restart. But I didn't 21 actually wait until the music had finished because a team had already finished The 22 game, so I thought was taken up as an opportunity to move on and when I did say (incomprehensible) moving on (incomprehensible) they were ready to move on. 23
- 24 I: Good. Em, what did the students learn?
- The students were able to recap the Scottish instruments not just from hearing 25 T: them but from actually knowing what the instrument is about, the family of the 26 orchestra, what it looks like how you would play it, its characteristics, its name. 27 They recapped their Scottish dances and they were able to identify the Scottish 28 29 dances by its characteristics of its tempo marking, its beats in the bar, what you 30 can say to the music and to the rhythms that there are. They also learned a lot about 31 teamwork. Because they had to work together in their team with their instruments 32 during the performing aspect and then (incomprehensible) teamwork further to 33 when we were playing together as a group. They also had to work in pairs cause 34 we had a boy that wasn't working too well in his pair. Em, during the activity with 35 the worksheet and I was encouraging him with that. We have a boy that doesn't 36 work well in group activities at all. And he did manage the paired activity but was 37 very much taking control of it. Em, so I hope that through that process they maybe 38 learned a little bit more about sharing and about teamwork. They learned about 39 independent learning as well using their own personal practice time effectively. I

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- was able to work one to one with some pupils, particularly on keyboard and guitar that were finding it quite hard and tricky. And they were able to just develop their musical ear. They were able to identify what was good about the performance what needed improving and how we could improve it.
- I: Do you think the pupils could also yeah could yeah remember what they learned when they're asked...
 - T: I would like to think that they did yes. Because it was very em throughout I was very keen throughout the lesson to recap to our learning intentions. And ask the pupils if they thought we had achieved them and at the end of the lesson we now recapped it and asked did we achieve it, yes, how did we achieve it. Admittedly that part was a little bit rushed as we were pushed for time. Em one of the, ideally I would have like to spend more time to make sure it was quite thorough. And that they were able to recall it and they identified what we did and what we needed to improve on. So yes I would like to think that they did remember it.
- Ok. Good. Em, you've answered this already partly, but maybe in more specific way.What do you think, which musical experiences did the students gain?
 - One of the first ones which I know was mentioned a lot is the musical experience of working with other people. You know what I think - too specific we - on the musical skills. But em you know specific (incomprehensible) instrument. But actually you know being a musician you need to be dedicated to your instrument. You need to be committed you need to show discipline and you need to use your personal practice time effectively and we had an instrument where a girl in the class wasn't using her instrument practice effectively and she admitted that. And identify the and (incomprehensible) it. Em, with regards to working as part of a team if you're in a band or in an orchestra you have an important part (incomprehensible) if you aren't practising and playing it is noticeable that there would be a gap there so by encouraging that you (incomprehensible) in the class and saying that you are a team and getting them to complement one another on their performing and identifying maybe what team is stronger in the performance and what team needs a little bit more encouragement because they identified that the guitarists were the quietest. That isn't always the case, because a guitar isn't necessarily a quiet instrument but they give them encouragement and meant that the guitarist was playing through every, every version at least, because they saw the beginning (incomprehensible) all the instruments about their compliments and are also given a platform to perform solo. Musically, I'm very keen that the pupils play keyboards not with two hands or one finger, that they use their full fingers span of their hand and that they have right hand for melody left hand for chords. I do admit that - on pupil ability sometimes they have to use one finger or two hands but if I can identify that they're more able I will push that. And in this class's case they are able to do that. Tuned percussion, they were able to hold the melody very well they were able to work as a team that's a good instrument for developing the ear - they can hear immediately whether or not they are playing in time and quite often during their personal practice time they will practise together

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unlike the keyboarders who have their headphones on, they practise very much individually. The guitarists were developing their technique of reading tab music with one girl reading chords and it's just what she preferred. So again, pupil choice, level of ability, presents different challenges (incomprehensible) the drummers, I will admit I left them to their own devices today because they're very strong. And they are working on some other material that they have from another lesson. And, em I give them a lot of independence because they're very, very good drummers. Very, very competent. And they have very, very good ears; and again, drum's a good instrument because they can always keep an ear in the background while I'm going round the classroom to hear how they're getting on. And when the performance came together you heard yourself with 'Braveheart' the drumming was brilliant. Em, our bass guitarist Alex, she sometimes needs just a little bit of encouragement, em and her volume is getting maybe a little louder but push it too much. Because, having known the girl's personality, she doesn't want to be in the centre of attention, but she just enjoys the role that she plays and she plays it well. And she had a different challenge because she was coming in after everyone else and started on the melody and the piece (incomprehensible) she was coming in from the first beat of the next full bar, so she had a different challenge, but she, she did well so musically she was able to recognise that and count the beats in the bar and use that effectively you know and correctly but overall musically, they develop their skills on their instruments they develop their ear. But further than that their independent skills and their group work I would say definitely benefited from this task.

Ok. What would you do differently if you could give the same lesson a second time? Em, I would watch my time, I felt that maybe I was spending a little bit too long on certain aspects of the lesson. And so we ran out of time. I would have liked maybe to spend a little bit longer on the practical side of things. And maybe discuss this a little bit more you know what other version could we have done. Could we maybe start with the tuned percussion and (incomprehensible) could we maybe start with the keyboard players and hear what that sounds like. I would like to have done that and I have done that in previous lessons. Just to make sure that each group gets some chance of being soloists. Because today it was really just the guitarists that got a chance. Em, if time had even permitted I'd have asked the pupils to try another instrument to show that they can demonstrate skills on different instruments in the same lesson. Going from keyboard to guitar you have to then rethink about tab you get (incomprehensible) the stave going from that to (incomprehensible) then going on to use (incomprehensible) to some of the keyboard players who might only be using one hand on the keyboard. Em, I've gone over a lot about the tune for beats in the bar, the reel and the march can lend itself to two or four beats but there was only one option today that I gave them. But I didn't correct them if they used that answer for both cos it is correct. But em, I would have maybe done that slightly differently, but if I did pick up on that in their

- worksheets. But I didn't correct them cos I thought that this will take much longer to explain.. And I maybe would have done that a bit differently.
- 127 I: Right. On a scale from one which is the best mark to six which is the worst how would you rate your lesson?
- T: Em, I think due to the time constraints and due to the (incomprehensible) as that could have caused confusion with the kids I would give it between a two and a three. Em, I don't know if a lesson is perfect, em from an enjoyment point in view of the pupils I would hope there would be one. I would hope. Em, but from the errors that I made with the tune for beats and the time, two or three. Yeah.
- 134 I: Ok. But all in all would you say it was a good lesson?
- Yes. well like I said at the start I was really pleased with the lesson I was really 135 T: pleased with the pupils we had you know not any major behaviour issues. The 136 137 pupils learned something they all participated they are all now able to identify 138 instruments and dances. Em, I was a bit concerned that I picked on the two girls 139 that got waltz and strathspey beat (incomprehensible) I was a bit concerned but 140 by the end I done that cause. (incomprehensible) well what could we improve on dances and I looked at those two and you now, what do you think and they felt a 141 142 bit sheepish, they thought, they said don't bring it up again. And I thought oh no I 143 didn't really mean to do that. It's just the ideal people to identify why do we need 144 to improve it but I didn't for a second want them to think I was picking on them which is why I said you decided to raise it up on the board and then they wanted 145 to do it. Oh, no I've maybe maybe pushed that a bit too far but that wasn't my 146 147 intention. It's just the rest of the class got five out of five so (incomprehensible). I could have asked about that point. And so I would maybe have handled that a little 148 149 bit differently. Em, but overall yes, I thought it was a good lesson.

2 Interviews with the students

2.1 Interview 1

2.1.1 Interview transcript

I: - interviewer

A, B, C: - students, see below

- 1 I: So, we would like to find out how you experienced today's lesson. What did you do?
- A: Em, I'm A I've got curly hair and glasses eh, I, in the lesson today I played the drums to complete the class playing 'Braveeart' and we played the game and I had I was one to (incomprehensible)
- 6 I: Thank you. What can you remember in particular? So any specific parts of the lesson that you really remember, that you really liked?
- 8 B: Em. I'm B, I have red hair. I remember playing the performance and playing the games.

- 10 I: Right. What did you get out of the lesson?
- 11 C: Em, I'm C. I've got blond hair and a ponytail. Em I liked, I got out of the lesson
- 12 learning about Scottish instruments and Scottish dances.
- 13 I: Thank you. So this is about musical experience and practice. What did you enjoy?
- 14 A: Em, Playing the drums. It was really good.
- 15 I: Don't forget your name.
- 16 A: A. With curly hair.
- 17 I: So anything that you disliked?
- 18 C/B: Em, No.
- 19 I: No?
- 20 A: Not really.
- 21 C/B: No.
- 22 I: You enjoyed it all, did you?
- 23 All: Yeah.
- 24 I: That's good. And how did you feel when you were making the music or listening to
- 25 it?
- 26 C: Em.
- 27 I: What did it make you feel when you were performing and playing your
- instruments?
- 29 C: When I was playing it I was a wee bit nervous and before it I'm nervous but when
- I done it I was quite proud because I got through the whole thing and never got
- 31 lost.
- 32 I: Good. So you were nervous before when you played and then you were proud of
- 33 vourselves.
- 34 A: mmm.
- 35 I: Good. Em. So if your parents or a friend would ask you to (incomprehensible) what
- you learned during the lesson what would you answer?
- 37 B: I would, I would say, em, that I learned to perform 'Braveheart' confidently in front
- 38 of the class.
- 39 I: Well good. Performing confidently. Good. Was there anything else in today's lesson
- 40 that kept you, that distracted you? Was there anything that distracted you from the
- 41 content in the lesson?
- 42 A: Not really. There was, it was all good.
- 43 I: It was all good. Good. Now. Did em did grades or school marks come into the lesson
- 44 at all?
- 45 C: No. Eh. Not really because em I was just thinking of em playing the music and trying
- 46 ee not to mess up.
- 47 I: Right. So there were nogrades, no marks involved just enjoying playing the music.
- Good. How much does your music grade mean to you if you are being graded? How
- 49 much would you want to do well or does it not really matter to you? What do you
- 50 think?
- B: I think it is really important. I love music and I want to be got at it. So...

- 52 I: Yeah. That's a really good answer. Thanks. What is generally more important for you in music lessons? The mark or the music that you get to play in the lessons?
- 54 A: The music is really important and fun to play cause I like playing the drums and that's what I always play. It's my favourite instrument.
- Thank you. Then on a scale from one to six, one being the best and six being the worst. On a scale from one to six how would you rate the lesson and give some reasons for your rating. No (incomprehensible)
- I would give it a one because it was really good and the games were good and they were helpful and I was able to play the music. Went really good.
- 61 I: Thanks.
- 62 B: Six the best?
- 63 A: One's the best.
- 64 A: One.
- 65 B: Ah, I thought you said one.
- 66 A: I think I give it a one because there wasn't any problems and we played the music perfectly.
- 68 I: Good.
- 69 A: It was a good lesson.
- I: Is there any. What did you do in the games? What did the games involve, you spoke about the games quite a lot, but...
- A: Em, so someone has their back facing the smart board and there would be an instrument on the board.
- 74 I: Right.
- A: And you would have to try and guess but you could ask the class questions. But they could only answer yes or no.
- 77 I: Right.
- 78 A: You'd have to guess the Scottish instrument.
- Good. Right. That sounds good. Em. Was there anything that the teacher could have done differently that would have made things better?
- 81 B: No. The...it was fine.
- 82 I: Everything was fine. Good. In your opinion what makes a good music lesson? What are good music lessons like?
- 84 A: Ee, getting to play music instead of just sitting. I like to play straight away.
- 85 I: Right. So you like to be active and involved and doing something...
- 86 A: Yeah
- 87 I: ... during the lesson. That's good. Anything to add, B, ... C? Ok. Thank you very much

2.1.2 Scheme for identifying the students in Interview 1



2.2 Interview 2

2.2.1 Interview 2 transcript

I: - interviewer

S: - unidentified student
D, E, F, G: - students, see below

- I: Ok. So, you already know my name. You're going to be recorded. So what was it like today with so many cameras in your lesson if you could just answer me one at a time cos then we have you nice and clearly on the recorder. So what was it like with all the cameras in today?
- Em. Very... I thought it was different from what it usually was, obviously, and a bit harder to concentrate with all the cameras but I thought it was quite good. And I don't know. It just felt like you're being watched.
- 8 I: Yeah. Good. What did you guys think about having the cameras?
- 9 S: It was good. It was like... it was different from what I (incomprehensible) and stuff like that 'cos (incomprehensible)
- 11 I: Alright. That's interesting. And you guys, how did you feel?
- 12 S: Good. It was...
- You had to be careful, what you're actually saying.
- 14 I: Ok. Why was that you think? Is that because, em, someone might be looking at it later. So you're on your best behaviour in case somebody's looking at it?
- 16 S: Yeah and I (incomprehensible) wanted behave.
- 17 I: Alright. Right, so. So, (incomprehensible) what about you?
- 18 S: It was quite different I didn't mind it much, though.
- 19 I: You didn't mind. Oh, that's cool. Right, so one person talks at a time. So. what we 20 would like to do before we ask like the real questions I was just getting warmed up so you could tell me your name first of all, we do it one at a time and just describe 21 22 what you're wearing it needs to be really specific so this for when em the 23 transcriber goes back to look through what we've talked about she knows who's 24 who so you could say I've got dark hair and then starting with the next thing. So, 25 we'll start from over here. If you can tell me your name and what you're wearing 26
- D: My name is D. I'm wearing em a, a black cardigan, a white shirt and my school tie, a black skirt, black shoes and black tights and I have brown hair.
- 29 I: Wonderful. Well done.
- 30 E: My name is E. And I'm wearing (incomprehensible) a black jumper a white shirt, a school tie, my black skirt, my black tights and black shoes.
- 32 I: Good.
- 33 F: My name is F. I've (incomprehensible) and I'm wearing my great docks (incomprehensible) black tights, school shirt, school tie and the school scarf.
- 35 G: My name is G. I'm wearing a black jumper with a white shirt with a school tie, black trousers, black trainers and a watch.

- Right then. So, we're just give a start of first of all by em, finding out what you did today. So what did you do? Just to tell me, cos I wasn't in the lesson. So what did you do today?
- We started off with recapping all the different Scottish instruments. We learned 40 S: about ... We played... we were recognising them by just listening. We were 41 42 Scottish dances by listening to them. And recapping 43 (incomprehensible) we played the game (incomprehensible) Scottish dances. That's all. 44
- 45 I: Alright. So, a game. What did you do?
- 46 S: It was like snap. And we had to match the dances to the tempo and the beats in the bar and what you can say to dance.
- I: Now, I like that. So, em, that was very good. What can you guys remember in particular about what we did was the games something that stood out for you guys that you would remember going away out of this lesson? Would you say so? Em, what did you think you got out of the lesson that you could take away? What do you think you've learned today in your music?
- 53 S: To (incomprehensible) some of the dances and the beats in the bar and the tempo 54 and stuff like that.
- 55 S: Hard to play 'Bbraveheart' on the guitar.
- Hard to play 'Braveheart' on the guitar. It was very good. I was listening outside.
- How do you feel... How would you... What do you feel that you've learned today?
- 58 G: I feel I've learned more knowledge of Scottish music and instruments and I'd be 59 able maybe to recognise them a bit better as well.
- 60 I: Good. Now, that's good. Right, so, what did you enjoy, what was your favourite bit of the lesson today?
- 62 S: Performing.
- 63 I: Performing. How about you?
- 64 S: Performing.
- 65 G: Performing.
- 66 S: Performing.
- 67 I: So, everybody likes performing. That's good, we like that. What did you not like, what was your least favourite part of the lesson today?
- The cameras.
- 70 I: Right.
- And (incomprehensible) Did you feel a bit watched, yeah.
- 72 G: Mhmh
- 73 I: Okay.
- 74 S: They were everywhere round the room.(?)
- But in ee in terms of what you actually did if there wasn't the cameras there if you imagine they weren't there today. What was your least favourite bit?
- 77 S: Don't know. Maybe writing, 'cos we had to write down the different dances and stuff.
- 79 I: Okay. Do you say that was the same for everyone?

- 80 S: Yeah.
- 81 S: I don't know.
- 82 C: No? What did you?
- 83 S: I think I did not really not like anything.
- 84 I: That's good. That's always good. So, today, so you performed some music today.
- And you also listened to some music, so how did you feel when you were listening
- to the music. How did it make you feel? What were you thinking?
- 87 S: Maybe (incomprehensible) cos it was quite loud and it isn't like the music that I

Yeah. So was it quite good to have some listening first thing in the morning or what

- usually listen to. 'Cosit was like orchestra instruments and stuff and yeah.
- 90 would you say cos it kind of wakes you up?
- 91 S: Yeah.

I:

89

- 92 I: Yeah. Do you think so?
- 93 G: Yes
- 94 I: Okey-dokey. So, I, when you got to performing 'Braveheart' did you enjoy that? Was
- 95 that something that you like to do?
- 96 S: Yeah.
- 97 S: Yeah.
- 98 S: Yeah.
- 99 G: Yeah.
- 100 S: Yeah.
- 101 I: So performing is definitely something you enjoy doing when you come to music.
- 102 I: That's good. Do you like doing that more in the morning than in the afternoon,
- would you say?
- 104 S: Yeah.
- 105 S: Yeah.
- 106 I: Yeah? Oh, great. That's very interesting. So, if your mom or dad or a friend was to
- ask you after you came home from school tonight what you learned during this
- lesson. What would you say? So mom and dad asked you when you got home what
- did you do in music today what did you learn? What would you say to them?
- 110 G: Ah, we learned even more than we already did know about Scottish dancing and
- music and instruments. We may have learned how to play 'Braveheart' even better
- and that's about it.
- 113 I: Aha.
- 114 S: We learned about the tempos and the Scottish music and like the meanings of
- them.
- 116 I: Ok.
- 117 S: And we learned how to identify the Scottish dances by the beats in the bar
- (incomprehensible)
- 119 S: We learned more about Scottish dances and em and instruments cos we already
- knew about it. And we learned to listen to each other when performing.
- 121 I: Ok. Good, right. So was there anything else in today's lesson we'll say apart from
- the camera, 'cause you've all said the cameras were distracting us a little bit today

- 123 was there anything else in the room or just today that was distracting you maybe from your, your lesson from what you could have been learning? Would you say? 124 125 I don't know. S:
- 126 All the noise going on outside. S:
- 127 All the noise outside. I:
- 128 Yes, maybe the noise outside. It's quite usual but... G:
- 129 Yeah, it's something you kind of get used to when you're in music isn't it. Having I: 130 the noise outside without finding it quite distracting. Okey-dokey. Anything else 131 that anyone found distracting?
- 132 S: No. (giggle)
- 133 I: We'll leave that. Ok. We'll leave that out. Right so. Did thought of grades or school marks come into you? Come into your mind at all through your lesson today? 134
- 135 S: No.
- 136 No. S:
- 137 S: No.
- 138 I: Yeah, So generally you're not conscious about what kind of mark you're going to 139 be getting or grade at the end, no?
- Yeah. 140 S:
- 141 S: No.
- 142 Em. It could.. if we get told that is there an assessment or something yeah, but if it's S: just a normal performance then not really. 143
- 144 Ok. Em, how much does your mark in music mean to you? I:
- 145 It means sometimes like as something that is e(incomprehensible) music... S:
- Aha. And like so if it's important to you then you work harder if you're thinking I 146 S: 147 want to do this later on.
- 148 S: Yeah.
- How do you think in terms of other subjects. How... how important would you rate 149 I: 150 music so is it as important to you as getting your national in maths or in English?
- 151 Would you say?
- 152 I don't know. S:
- 153 No, not really? I:
- 154 S: I think it depends on what you want to do.
- 155 Yeah. I:
- 156 S: And (incomprehensible) I don't think it's as important as like English is
- 157 I:
- 158 G: But if you wanted to do music you know I think it's really important
- 159 Mhmh, what do you think? I:
- 160 S: Yes, em, it was interesting in a lot of ways and (incomprehensible) think if you want 161 to be a musician when you're older, that's it.
- 162 Mhmh. Right. Okey-dokey. So, em, so what what is generally more important is it I: 163 the mark you get in music or the music that you play that's more important to you?
- 164 The music that we play. G:
- 165 I: Music that you play is more important to you. Why do you think that is?

- 166 G: Just because I like music in general I don't really mind what mark I get.
- 167 I: Alright. Ok.
- 168 S: A bit of both.
- 169 I: Bit of both? Yeah. What about you guys? What do you think?
- 170 S: Bit, bit of both.
- 171 I: Bit of both, yeah for everyone. So one you want to be playing good things...
- 172 S: Yeah
- 173 I: ...but you also want to be doing quite well.
- 174 S: Yeah.
- 175 S: Mhmh.
- 176 I: So, the music that you make you would want to push you on but not be too hard
- that you would get on stuff that you like
- 178 S: Yeah.
- 179 S: Yeah.
- 180 I: Yeah? Is that (incomprehensible)?
- 181 G: Yeah.
- 182 CI Ok. That's interesting. And right, so on a scale, we're going to go on a scale from 1
- to 6, 1 is the best and 6 is the worst, how would you rate your lesson. And you can
- give reasons for your rating as well so I'll give you a little minute to think about
- 185 that.
- 186 I: And then just when you're ready.
- 187 S: I'll give it a, a two I
- 188 I: Two? Ah, that's quite good and why, why would you rate that as a two?
- 189 S: It was (incomprehensible) performed. Like we done two like in the first part I think
- it was like a little bit fast and that's really it.
- 191 I: Ok. That's good.
- 192 S: A two.
- 193 I: A two? You would say about a two as well? Why would you say that?
- 194 S: It was like when we were performing like the first bit was a little bit fast as well
- but as we kept like (incomprehensible) as we performed again everyone's like the
- same tempo (incomprehensible).
- 197 I: Ok. What about you?
- 198 G: I maybe give it a two as well as I think we performed quite well the cameras were
- a little bit unsettling and kind of encouraging of not doing anything stupid.
- 200 I: Aha. So you felt you couldn't act naturally today 'cause of the cameras? That's kind
- of something we've all, sort of...
- 202 G: Maybe.
- 203 I: ... said. (incomprehensible)
- 204 S: Eh, probably a two.
- 205 I: A two, too?
- 206 S: Because, em, when we were performing I think the performance was good but I
- personally made some mistakes...
- 208 I: Alright.

- 209 S: ... and I started a bit messing and the dances and the instrument stuff I think was 210 more (incomprehensible) like I thought that went well. And we remembered the 211 whole bit
- 212 I: Ok. That's really good. Em, do you think that there's anything that Ms Morrison could have done differently today? In your lesson to make it better or make you enjoy it more.
- 215 S. Not really.
- 216 S: No
- 217 S: (incomprehensible) and she always tries to make it fun (incomprehensible)
- 218 I: Ah well, this is good. So this was quite a good example of what you would normally do for music today?
- 220 S: Yeah.
- 221 S: Yeah.
- 222 I: Ah, that's good then. You generally enjoy your lessons.
- 223 S: Yeah.
- 224 I: That's really good. Em, so in your opinion what would a good music lesson be like?
- 225 What would you do on a really good lesson?
- 226 S: Eh. Probably, I like performing more.
- 227 I: You like performing more.
- So, when we're performing and a bit of learning as well but.
- 229 I: Mhmh.
- 230 S: Performing the sort of music you want to perform. Get to pick.
- 231 I: Ok. So would you think that you'd like to learn things just from playing them all
- the times. So if we, if we said to you, we're going to learn about a specific concert
- today, we're going to learn about jigs. If we then played a jig would that be quite
- good? Would you like that or..
- 235 S: Yeah.
- 236 S: Yeah.
- 237 S: Yeah.
- 238 S: Yeah.
- 239 I: ... is it just stuff that you like play you would want to do?
- 240 S: Yeah, but we need to learn a bit to know more about it.
- 241 I: To know more about it. Good. How about you? What do you think a really good
- 242 music lesson would be like?
- 243 S: Just like, like, yeah like more performing and stuff like that.
- 244 I: More performing. More practical work.
- 245 S: Yeah.
- 246 I: Okey-dokey.
- 247 S: If like, if we work together and she'll stay (incomprehensible) say like you went too
- 248 far.
- 249 I: Alright like a good music lesson is when you get to play together as you like to play
- in groups 'cause then you learn how to play in a good ensemble.
- 251 S: Aha.

- 252 I: Alright. That's good. That's an interesting one.
- 253 G: I think a good lesson would be. I'd say we get to perform. (incomprehensible) something new or just enjoy what we play.
- 255 I: Mhmh. Right. So would you say from enjoying what you play would you like your opinion to say to Ms Morrison or other music teachers I would like to play this bit of music when you could go away and listen to a piece of music yourself and oh I think that could be quite good to play in class.
- 259 S: Yeah.
- 260 I: Would that be something you would quite like to do?
- 261 S: Yeah.
- 262 S: Yeah.
- 263 G: Yes.
- I: So that's interesting. So right that's all. That's all of the questions I have to ask for you today. Well done you gave some really good answers. So what we need to do now is we just need to stay here until *transcriber* can come back and take our picture. So that she knows who was talking. Well done guys you gave some really good answers.





2.3 Interview 3

2.3.1 Interview 3 transcript

I: - interviewer

S: - unidentified student J, K, L, M, N - students, see below

- I: Ok, so, I'll introduce myself again. Eh, my name is H. em, and just to make sure you're (incomprehensible) again that you're being recorded. So if one of you speaks at a time don't speak over each other. So that we all understand what you're saying and try and speak clearly. So we know what you're saying as well. Em. So what was it like having so many cameras in the in the classroom?
- 6 S: Bit... like... It was a bit odd and made you kind of act a little bit differently as well
 7 as stuff like anything that would happ... that went wrong was recorded, you kind
 8 of have to perfect everything that happened
- 9 I: You were aware when we were playing the thing, yeah. Any advances on that?
- 10 S: I didn't mind.
- 11 I: You don't mind you just like cameras. Yeah. You're on TV all the time.
- 12 S: No.
- 13 I: (giggle) Just joking.
- 14 S: Well not all of them could see me. So I'm fine.
- 15 I: So you got a good spot in the classroom where nobody can see. Good thinking. Good thinking. Anything else?
- 17 S: It was a bit awkward because like you can't act yourself because you know people 18 are watching you and then to know that it was like recording when you walked in. 19 And if you said something that was bad you kind of regret that you said it because 20 they play it back.
- I: So it made you think of it (incomprehensible) Anything you want to say? You're good. Em. I said that, ok. Em. So can I get you all just to say your name and I want you to describe something about what you're wearing or what your hair's like that will help the person that is going to be listening to match up to who you are in the video? So for example you could say glasses or braids in your hair or I don't know... eyeliner (giggle) I don't know blond long hair. Hair and a pony.So just go one at a
- time.
- 28 N: Glasses.
- 29 I: And your name as well please.
- 30 N: N.
- 31 J: Em, J and I have a Pony. And blond hair
- 32 K: K, em. Braids.
- 33 L: L, long blond hair and small.
- 34 I: and eyeliner.
- 35 L: and eyeliner.
- 36 M: Em, M. Short, very short black hair and average height.

- 37 I: Black jumper as well.
- 38 M: And a black jumper.
- 39 I: Awesome. Right ok. The first kind of question I'm going to ask is kind of a general
- kind of topic. Em, so it's just wondering how you experienced the lesson. So first
- things first. What did you actually do in the lesson? I wasn't there so describe it to me.
- 43 S: Cool. At first we saw what our learning intentions were and so we had to recap on
- Scottish dances. And em we got different games em and we had to match up all of
- 45 the cards with your partner and em for the instruments we played a game where
- someone was a... facing the back of the board and they had to guess what the
- instrument was by us... asking us questions and we only had to say yes or no.
- 48 I: Alright, that's good. Anything else?
- 49 S: After that we just kinda like listened to different Scottish like dances and the songs
- for them. And we had to guess and what family they were from kind of. Em. And by
- doing that it kinda gave us more knowledge about the different dances and the
- different instruments that were used during them. And after that we just had a
- class performance of 'Braveheart'. But we had a little bit of time to practise.
- I: You practised first. I heard it and it was really good. Em. What were the things you
- remembered in particular about the lesson? So was there anything that like stood
- out? That you did?
- 57 S: Our class performance like... like everyone knew it was so good.
- I: Right, so you're boosting confidence. Anything else? No?
- 59 Just that.
- 60 I: Em. And what did you get out of the lesson?
- 61 S: Knowledge. (giggle)
- 62 I: That's good. Yeah. I like to hear that. Anything else?
- 63 S: More confidence like in playing the guitar.
- 64 S: We kind of learned more about the Scottish culture and everything because we
- don't really normally study that so it gave you more knowledge about that.
- 66 I: About that (incomprehensible) Good. Eh, now it's more about the musical
- experience and practice em, so, what was the thing you enjoyed most, em, about
- the lesson what did you enjoy?
- 69 S: I liked doing the guessing what the instrument was, because kind of you got to
- speak people as well during that like people you might not regularly speak to. They
- 71 would just kind of help you out (incomprehensible) what was behind you
- 72 I: And you don't get into trouble for talking as well. Anything else, what else did you
- enjoy, what did enjoy?
- 74 S: The Pairing game, maybe.
- 75 I: The pairing game.
- 76 I: Cool. Anything... what did you enjoy?
- 77 S: Hitting the Glockenspiel.
- 78 I: Hitting the Glockenspiel, okay. Eh, what did you dislike about the lesson, anything
- 79 that you disliked or didn't enjoy?

- 80 S: Nothing really.
- 81 S: No.
- 82 S: The recorder was right behind me.
- 83 I: Somebody was playing the recorder or there was...
- 84 S: Well.
- 85 I: Oh, that recording, the recording to this. So you were quite conscious of that. So you don't like being recorded no.
- 87 S: No.
- 88 I: Okay, em, so today you were listening to music and playing music weren't you. So
- how did you feel when you were listening to the music and playing the music? What
- 90 did you feel like?
- 91 S: Swing
- 92 S: I felt like I had to be on time for like everything and if you were like too fast or too
- 93 slow the pressure would build on.94 S: Always in the (incomprehensible)
- 95 S: It was good that we didn't make any mistakes.
- 96 I: You feel good about yourself when you didn't. What else, what did you feel? Yeah,
- how did you feel, sorry, when you were playing or listening to the music?
- 98 S: Em, quite nervous, when we were playing it and like if you messed up everyone
- can hear you especially at the start when the guitars had to go first and because it
- was like quite quiet. So we messed up some of the tunes.
- 101 I: So quite conscious about the people around you and probably the videos and
- things. Em, and how did you like the piece that you were playing or that you were
- listening to? Did you like them, did you not?
- 104 S: It was good (?)
- 105 S: Mhmh
- 106 S: Enjoyed it
- 107 I: Enjoy.
- 108 S: I liked mine cause it was simple.
- 109 I: It was simple. Do you all like 'Braveheart'?
- 110 S: Yeah, yeah.
- 111 I: But that's good (incomprehensible) 'Braveheart' piece. Em, ok this is kind of a bit
- the learning experience you had, so if your parents or guardians or friends or
- neighbours asked you to name what you learned during the lesson what would you
- 114 say?
- 115 S: More about Scottish dances and the culture and make Scottish music and how it is
- played and how play all the pieces fit together to make one original kind of
- performing.
- 118 S: And how it sounds like.
- 119 S: The same
- 120 I: What would you say? What did you learn?
- 121 S: I learned that an accordion was wood-wind. Yeah.
- 122 I: ok. What did you learn or what would you say you learned?

- 123 S: The accordion is really heavy.
- 124 I: The accordion is r... did you see one or did you get told that?
- 125 S: We got told
- 126 I: It's pretty heavy. Em, and, was there anything in the lesson that distracted you from
- 127 learning?
- 128 S: The cameras.
- 129 S: The cameras.
- 130 I: The cameras.
- 131 S: The recording... behind me.
- 132 I: and the recorder.
- 133 S: Yeah.
- 134 I: Was there anything else don't think about the cameras was there anything else that
- distracted you?
- 136 S: pupil A.
- 137 S: pupil F.
- 138 S: pupil F.
- 139 S: Just certain people in the class. No name shall be mentioned.
- 140 I: Apart from A. He had to... And how were they distracting you was it like talking or
- 141 ...?
- 142 S: Mhmh
- 143 S: Yeah, that eye to eye contest. We had that eye-to-eye contest... and I lost
- 144 I: What you were playing? What were you playing? (incomprehensible)
- 145 S: Yeah.
- 146 I: That's pretty good, so you were (incomprehensible) while you were playing.
- Anything else that distracted you? Anything like a tock clicking, a tock, a clock
- 148 ticking. No?
- (incomprehensible)
- 150 I: Ok. Good.
- 151 S: No.
- 152 I: There's usually a clock in the room anyway. Em, ok, did any sort of grading or
- school marks come into your mind during the lesson?
- 154 S: No.
- 155 I: No. So you weren't thinking of being graded.
- 156 S: No.
- 157 I: No. Em how much does getting a good grade in music mean to you?
- 158 S: It's a bit important. But I don't think it is a priority but a bit like a bonus to have.
- 159 I: Good (incomprehensible)
- 160 I: is that what you said as well. Mm? Very left out, did you say? Ok. How much would
- it mean to you to get a good grade?
- 162 S: I'd like it if I got a good mark. But I wouldn't like stress over it if I didn't.
- 163 M: I don't mind.

164	I:	You don't mind? Ok. Em, and what is generally more important in music lessons is
165		it the grade or mark that you get or that your music that you deal with in the
166		lessons?

- 167 S: the music
- 168 M: the music.
- I: So, you're all pretty certain on that. Ok, and now we're going to talk about good music lessons, so I'm going to ask you, I'm going to ask each one of you for to give me a rating of the lesson and I give you the scale in a second. So I want you to give me the rating, a reason for your rating, and what should the teacher have done differently. So the rating is going to be between 1 and 6, so one will be the best mark that you could give them and six will be the worst mark for the lesson. So I want a number between one and six, em, a reason for your rating, and what could
- 177 S: A two.

- 178 I: A two? Reason?
- 179 S: I just I liked it but it (incomprehensible) enjoyed playing the (incomprehensible)
- 180 I: Ok, and what could the teacher have done differently?

the teacher have done differently.

- 181 S: Nothing. I think.
- 182 I: Ok. That's good.
- I would give it a six, em, because I was (incomprehensible) because of the cameras you were like more aware of yourself so you didn't enjoy it as much.
- 185 I: So anything the teacher could have done differently?
- 186 S: No, I don't think so.
- 187 I: You don't think so.
- 188 S: A two, because, I kept getting confused like on the third line of the guitar so, yeah,
 189 I didn't like that.
- 190 I: Ok, and what could the teacher have done differently?
- 191 S: Nothing
- 192 I: Not a bit go through it with you or show (incomprehensible)
- 193 S: Yeah.
- 194 I: Yeah.
- 195 S: A two as well, because what was just the cameras that were a bit distracting but I just think that the lesson was overall really good. And I don't think the teacher
- could have done anything like to make it better. It was just fine as it was.
- 198 I: Okay, good.
- 199 M: A one because I don't remember that the cameras were on me. I think I played well so.
- 201 I: That's good. Anything the teacher could have done differently?
- 202 M: No.
- 203 I: So you've got a perfect teacher?
- 204 M: Mh.

205	I:	Yeah. Good. Em, a general question, we go one person at a time again, em, in your
206		opinion what makes a good lesson, a good music lesson or what are good music
207		lessons like? What do they have in them or what do you do?

- 208 S: I don't know.
- 209 I: We'll come back to you.
- 210 S: I think like what we did today that kind of thing. Like have things like games where 211 you can interact with someone else. But you don't always want to be sitting at a 212 desk, so I think some (incomprehensible) half playing half game... what you call 213 that again ... reading (incomprehensible) I don't know.
- 214 I: Yeah, like revising activities.
- 215 S: Yeah. And have playing. Just like a mix.
- 216 I: So, that's your ideal lesson.
- 217 S: Em, yeah, kind of like what she said.
- 218 I: Haha. Kids... anything else?
- 219 S: Just everything that happened today, really. So I thought that was quite a good lesson. So...
- 221 I: Good.
- 222 M: I don't know.
- 223 I: More cameras on you, no.
- 224 M: Yeah, yeah but.
- 225 I: Anything you want to say, you just want to say 'Hi' ok. That's fine. That's the end of 226 the questions, so thanks very much for answering and glad to hear you had a good 227 lesson and have a very good music teacher. And that is the end of.

2.3.2 Scheme for identifying the students in Interview 3



3 Transcript of the lesson

- T: Teacher
- S: Student
- Ss: Students
- 1 T: Right guys, if you can have a wee seat and get all jackets and tops off. S, do you mind
- 2 going to Mr. X to bring him this form, he'll understand. He's got something, alright.
- 3 T: Take of your jackets and uniform tops please and make sure that your bags are on
- 4 the floor. S, I like the new look! Looks so different with your hair straight. You do
- 5 suit it. Makes you look so different.
- 6 S: No. (giggle)
- 7 T: I like that you can use it as a disguise. "She was curly haired, it wasn't me."
- 8 Right, you make sure that your bags are on the floor and that your jackets are off
- 9 please. And I can see that nobody is sitting so I need to ask anybody to turn to their
- 10 right. That's brilliant.
- How are we feeling this morning?
- 12 Ss: Tired... Cold.
- 13 T: Tired? Cold? Are we good though?
- 14 S: I have sore throat.
- 15 T: You've got a cold ...? Good.
- Okay now I can see that we're missing quite a number of people. Does anybody
- 17 know if there's a bus late today? No?
- 18 Ss: I came here by bus Maybe they're just walking.
- 19 S: Is that camera recording in there?
- 20 T: It's, Yeah.
- 21 S: Hey there.
- 22 T: It's em. Is the traffic bound?
- 23 Ss: No. I don't know.
- 24 T: Maybe just people are being a bit slow.
- 25 S: Probably. It's S, S, S. (incomprehensible) is just at home. It's, eh, so she can hear
- 26 her. I'm so...
- 27 T: Good. Looks like we're eight. Well, while we're waiting for, em, people to arrive can
- 28 we...
- 29 S: Ssssshh
- 30 T: ... please thank you S can we please have a look at the smart board. Now, what
- does it say that we are going to be looking at today? What are our learning
- intentions? Who would like to read, the first one. Go for it S.
- 33 S: Recap Scottish Instruments
- 34 T: Recap Scottish Instruments, absolutely correct. Would you like read out the second
- 35 one?
- 36 S: Be able to re...recognise Scottish dances.

- 37 T: Be able to recognise Scottish dances. And that's part of our homework. And would you, right S, would you like to read the last learning intention, sorry S, thank you.
- 39 S: Perform Braveheart confidently.
- 40 T: Perform Braveheart confidently. Now, how do we know that we have been successful with our learning intentions? What's our success criteria?
- Do you read out one of them?
- 43 S: I can identify features of music.
- 44 T: I can identify features of music. What else will tell us that we have been successful?
 45 Go for it S.
- 46 S: I can distinguish between Scottish dances.
- T: I can distinguish between Scottish dances meaning that you'll be able to tell them apart. And what about our last one? Go for it S.
- 49 S: I can perform in a whole class performance of Braveheart.
- T: I can perform in a whole class performance of Braveheart and that's what we're going to be looking at towards the second part of our lesson. Now before I get started I would like to take the register. While I'm taking the register I'd like you to have a think about those learning intentions and about that success criteria and where you can contribute to that. Alright, everybody clear with that? Fantastic. So,

(T takes register)

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- T: Right, who can tell me what our first learning intention was again? Pardon?
- 61 Ss: Recap Scottish Instruments.
- 62 T: Absolutely. Recap Scottish Instruments. So therefore, S, would you like to come at the front please? What we're going to play?
- 64 Ss: Oh. Guessing the instruments.
- T: The Guessing game: Musical charades. Now, S asks for a clue. What are you allowed to do?
- 67 Ss: Yes or no-answers.
- Well, yes or no. That's correct. That's what she asks for questions. But if she asks for a clue, in you come S, what can you do? You can act –
- 70 Ss: Act out
- 71 T: out how you play the instrument. S if you'd like to come and have a seat is everything alright?
- 73 S: Yes
- 74 T: Running late.
- 75 S: Mh.
- 76 T: Okay. Alright. Your first instrument.
- 77 (pause)
- Right if you want to start asking your questions.
- 79 S: Is it in the string family?

- 80 Ss: No.
- 81 S: Is it in the woodwind family?
- 82 Ss: Yes.
- 83 S: Em. Is it a Scottish Instrument?
- 84 Ss: Yes.
- 85 S: Oh, em, is it... is it loud?
- 86 Ss: Yes.
- 87 S: Oh. Mhmh. Does it have a bag?
- 88 Ss: (giggle) yes.
- 89 T: Before you say what it is, just for comedy value: Do you need a clue? I think you
- 90 might need a clue. Do you need a clue?
- 91 S: Yeah.
- 92 T: See we worked that right. What's your clue?
- 93 (mixed sounds, students imitating bag pipes)
- 94 T: What do we think they're all playing?
- 95 S: Bag pipes.
- 96 T: It's a bag pipes?
- 97 Ss: Yeah.
- 98 T: Yes it is. Turn around to have a look. Well done, S.
- 99 (clapping)
- 100 T: S, is everything ok?
- 101 S: Yeah.
- T: Good. Right, ah the next person out is S. Would you like to take it to the floor?
- Ready?
- 104 S: Yeah.
- 105 Is it big?
- 106 Ss: No.
- 107 S: Is it small?
- 108 Ss: Yes.
- 109 S: Is it the (incomprehensible)
- 110 Ss: No.
- 111 S: Is it a string instrument (?)
- 112 Ss: Yes.
- 113 S: Is it, em, wooden?
- 114 Ss: Yes.
- 115 S: Is it the fiddle?
- 116 T: Well done, S.
- 117 (hands clapping)
- Ok, now. S and S aren't here. Is there anyone who would like to give it a go? Two
- more instruments to try. Right, S, come and take the floor. The floor is yours. You're
- ready?
- 121 S: Is it up?
- 122 T: Yeah.

Additional Material for the Scotland-Lesson, Christopher Wallbaum 2018 (ed.): Comparing International Music Lessons on Video. Olms: Göttingen, New York

- 30 123 S: Is it big? 124 Ss: Yes. Is it woodwind? 125 S: 126 Ss: No. 127 Is it a Scottish instrument? S: 128 Ss: Yes. 129 S: Is it strings? 130 Ss: Yes. 131 S: Is it em made of wood? 132 Ss: Yes. 133 S: Is it the harp? 134 Ss: Eh, yes. What's the word we use? 135 T: 136 Clársach. Ss: 137 Clársach. Well done. Alright. A round of applause for S. And we have got one more T: 138 instrument. Would anybody like to come out? S is thinking about it. No. Anybody? 139 Ss: 140 T: S. Do you want to have a wee go? 141 (giggle) 142 Well, in that case I'll guess. S, you put the mouse. I can't remember what instrument T: 143 it is. Is it up? 144 S: Yes. T: Ok. Is it a woodwind instrument? 145 146 Ss: No. 147 T: Is it a brass instrument? 148 Ss: No. 149 T: Is it a percussion instrument? 150 Ss: Yes. 151 T: Yes. Do I shake it? 152 Ss: No. 153 T: Do I scrape it? 154 Ss: No. 155 T: Do I strike it? I don't have to shake or strike. I thought that was the definition of percussion, no? 156 157 I will have to ask for a clue. How do you play it? 158 T: Alright. Ok. Does it have a keyboard on one side? 159 Ss: Yes. 160 T: Does it have buttons down the other? 161 Ss: Is its nickname the squeeze box? 162 T:
- Additional Material for the Scotland-Lesson, Christopher Wallbaum 2018 (ed.): Comparing International Music Lessons on Video. Olms: Göttingen, New York

So, therefore it's the (incomprehensible)

Accordion.

Well, done. Ok.

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Ss:

T:

(clapping hands)

Thank you. Ok, now the accordion isn't actually classified as a percussion instrument. It fills with air in order to create a sound so therefore what family would we like to put it in?

170 S: Woodwind.

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T: We'd like to put it in the woodwind family. Just because of the definition. Of how it is made as it requires air.

Ok, now. If we refer back to our learning intentions for today. We're now going to look at being able to recognise Scottish dances. Now, for this exercise I would like you to work in pairs. So, can we just work in the pairs that we're near for the time being? So, S and S, would you mind working together? S, you could move up a seat that would be great. Do you two mind working together? S? Yeah. Yes. Excellent. Now, I can see that you three are not one into butchs. Maybe S you can move up and work as a four. Actually, S come round and the (incomprehensible) too, because you're going to be writing.

(protest)

- T: Well, you're going to be writing and I've got enough cards. I've got enough cards for this game. So come around. That's it. It saves S moving.
- 184 S: Bye bye. (giggle)
- 185 T: You can still work as a four, but I'd rather do this exercise as a two.

Ok. In front of you I am putting some cards. Now, one of the cards has a dance. One of the cards has a tempo marking. One of the cards has beats in a bar. And one of the cards has what you can say in time with the music. Now don't give anything away just now, but just take the cards out and have a wee look. You can see that on one side it will say dance and then it will say what that dance is. On one side it will say tempo and it will give you a tempo marking. On one side it will say in time with the music and what you can say in time with the music whether it will be dedum because of the Scottish snap, whether it be a running reel, whether it be one-twothree, whether jiggetee-jiggetee. And then we also have how many beats are in the bar, whether there are four beats in a bar, two beats in a bar and so on. What your task is, can you come in too, what your task is, with your partner and as S has just arrived, you can sit next to S and S. If you could be pretty quick about it that would be even better. As I would like you to partner up the dance to the correct time signature to the correct tempo what you can say in times with the music. Once you have done that with your partner, I would like you to transfer that information onto this worksheet. Because, once we've done it, I am going to be playing five dances to you and I want you to write down what dances you are hearing. Is everybody clear with this instruction?

204 Ss: Yeah. Yes.

T: S, I know, you've just arrived. Do you understand what we're doing? Wonderful.
 Right. I'm going to hand out your worksheets. If anybody needs a pen or a pencil I will come around with that in a moment. I'm also going to play some Scottish music

- while you're working that out. Right. Get started. S, try and put your cards in the middle so that S can see them as well. Alright. Lots of writing to do. Ok.
- 210 Ss: When we're finished writing out -
- 211 T: Alright. S, can we help S here with the cards. I can see that S is gone for a colour coordinate approach and I like that, can you give him a hand?
- 213 T: You married them all up? Quick you, well done. You can now fill out your worksheets.
- 215 T: S, How are you getting on here? No, you need to fill out this table for the dances...
- Let's have a look. That looks brilliant to me apart from this. Reconsider these two time signatures. Remember I would consider those two, what do you think S?
- time signatures. Remember I would consider those two, what do you
- 218 S: Yes.
- 219 T: Are you helping S out here?
- 220 S: Yes
- T: Is S being a good help? Could he be doing a little bit more you think? Yes, I think so
- too S. So, I would reconsider the time signature with the jig: jiggetee, jiggetee,
- 1,2,3,4,5,6; 1,2,3,4,5,6, jiggetee, jiggetee, jiggetee, jiggetee in time with the music.
- Ok, so really consider that. Whereas a running reel, a running reel, a 1, 2, 3, 4;
- 225 1,2,3,4. Alright, so I would consider that. S you know, what you've got to do. Alright,
- so if you can hurry that process up, please.
- Well you have to fill in your own worksheet. Thanks, S. Good, right. This is looking
- very good, second years. So we can now transfer this information on to our table.
- Before we have our listening to the dances and having to recognise them in a quiz
- format. And I will put you another clip.
- 231 S: A waltz.
- 232 T: It is, S, well spotted. And why is it a Waltz?
- 233 S: 1-2-3.
- 234 T: 1-2-3. Good for you.
- 235 T: For those of you that already finished transferring your information onto the table.
- 236 If you turn your cards over it can then transfer into a game. You need to try and
- match your dance to what you can say in time with your music, to the beats in the
- bar, to the tempo. Like a game of pairs. Except you're trying to match four cards. So
- makes it them little bit trickier. So that's it, S. Turn them over, give them a good
- 240 mix. That's it, a good mix. You've got it? Now you've finished your table? You've still
- got one more dance to write in. One more dance to write in. Still got Waltz to write
- in. Ah, you're not ready for the game just yet, come on finish that table.
- 243 T: Hey, don't forget the one dance down there, S. That's a good idea. I agree you
- keeping them in categories but don't forget to mix them all up.
- 245 S: Aaah.
- 246 T: Well, it's not going to be much fun if you're just turning them over already in order,
- is it? That's like it, a good mix. Right, I'll play you one more dance and by the end of
- this piece of music I would like to move on to our next topic. Alright?
- 249 S: Miss, where's the ... woman?
- 250 T: After the ... after the lesson. You'll see her after the lesson.

- 251 T: Yeah. When the bell rings.
- Right, you're going to do pairs with S and S. You had a good strategy earlier.
- 253 S: Do we get one quartet or something?
- 254 T: Well, see if you can match the dance to the beats in the bar, to the tempo and to
- what you can say in time with the music.
- So, if I turn this one over. 1-2-3. What dance are we looking for?
- 257 S: Jig. A waltz.
- 258 T: A waltz. So it's going to be one of these cards. Ah,... just turn them over.
- 259 S: No.
- 260 T: Right, see the objective of the game? S, take turns.
- 261 S: Alright, alright I get it.
- 262 T: It's not hard S.
- 263 (incomprehensible)
- 264 Pardon?
- 265 S: I can turn that over and I get it?
- 266 T: Oh yes, let's make this exercise a little bit tough. Yeah. Oh, we really got the grip here. See who made all the matches.
- You're done? Brilliant. Let's have a look. Good. Fantastic. Very well done. Brilliant.
- Right, you can take your cards away and empty your table. Ok, second year we've
- 270 had our first group to complete that challenge. Very well done. Can we now put our
- cards together in a nice neat pile please and put them back into your polly pocket.
- And we are going to move on to our next task which is recognising the Scottish
- dances by hearing them. Let's have a look S. Very well done. Good. Right you could
- put your cards away. Thank you, S. Thank you, S.
- 275 T: Ok. Can you make sure that you have your worksheets in front of you? You can see
- 276 it's numbered 1 to 5. I'm going to play five Scottish dances. And I would like you to
- write down what dance you are hearing. Everybody clear with this exercise?
- 278 Ss: Yes.
- 279 T: Wonderful. Right. Good luck. Remember to take into consideration all the points
- you have already learned about the Scottish dances today. Just wait until S and S
- have put their cards away. Good. Right. Number one.
- Just out of interest: what instrument is playing the melody?
- 283 Ss: The fiddle.
- 284 T: S, your hands up!
- 285 S: Is it the fiddle?
- 286 T: It was the fiddle and I like how you called it fiddle and not...
- 287 Ss... violin.
- 288 T: Violin. Well done. Number two.
- The computer is just taking a wee moment.
- S, could you finish your paper please. (incomprehensible) Okay. Number three.
- Number four.
- You're giving it all away with your feet.
- Number five. Last but not least.

- 294 Has everybody got an answer for all five? 295 Ss: 296 Superb. Right, now I'm going to ask you to mark your own paper rather than asking T: 297 you to swap them. Because I think it's more beneficial for you to see, if you got an 298 answer correct or incorrect. And we can discuss this too why. So please be honest. 299 Question number 1. Put your hands up if you got jig. Put your hands up if we got 300 waltz. Put your hands up if you got strathspey. Hands down. Well done. Now, can 301 we explain this? Whatever it is, why was it a strathspey? 302 (incomprehensible) 303 T: The scotch snap. And how many beats in a bar were there? 304 Four. S: 305 T: Four. Now that was a tricky one, because it was rather slow and we do know that 306 a strathspey is what pace ladies? 307 S: Walking pace. 308 T: Walking pace. So, if you took it from the speed you could have thought maybe it 309 was a strathspey. However... maybe it was a waltz. However, what gave away was 310 indeed the scotch snap. Let's have another listen. So ladies, have a wee listen and 311 see if you can hear that scotch snap. What does a scotch snap sound like? 312 S: Dedum. 313 T: Dedum. A short note followed by a slightly longer note. 1-2-3-4. 1-2 it's not three. 1-2-3-4. Got it now? S is looking like, Oh my goodness. 314 315 Just wakening up, are we? Yeah, did you hear how there were four beats in the bar? 316 It was slow and you could hear the scotch snap. Yes. Ok. Number two. Put your hands up, if we got reel. Put your hands up if we got waltz. Superb. Well done. Why 317 was it waltz? 318 319 S: Three beats. 320 T: Because there were three beats in the bar. S, did you get those two answers in the 321 wrong way? Let's have another listen, just so that we can identify that it was indeed 322 a waltz. 1-2-3. 1-2-3. 1-2-3. Right? 1-2-3. 1-2-3. 1-2-3. What instruments was 323 playing that melody? Remember we wanted to recap our instruments as well. 324 S: Was it the accordion? 325 T: It was the accordion. What's its nickname? 326 Squeeze box. Ss: 327 T: Squeeze box. I think squeeze box is such a better name than accordion, do you not? 328 Ss:
- 329 T: Right, S. What did you get for the next one?
- 330 S: Reel.
- 331 T: Reel. Was she correct?
- 332 Ss:
- 333 T: Yes, she was. Number four, S. What did you get?
- 334 S: March.

- 335 T: March. And S was giving it away by marching under the table. I thought he was going to march straight through the wall. Yes, indeed it was a march. And S, last but 336 337 not least. What was our last excerpt? 338 S: Jig. 339 T: Jig. And what can we say in time with music with the jig? 340 Ss: Jiggetee, jiggetee. 341 T: Jiggetee, jiggetee, jiggetee, jiggetee. Well done. Now, if you can give yourself a tick 342 343
- and a total out of five. And if you can pass your sheet, so S, if you can pass your sheets to S. S, can you pass yours round to S. S can you pass it to S please. Pens and 344 pencils away. Just leave your cards on the table. If you borrowed the pen or pencil 345 from me please put them next to your cards. Just put it. Ah you can put it on the side, that's a good idea. Thank you, S. Ok, second year, I'm now going to refer back 346 347 to our learning intentions. What is the last part of our learning intentions for today?
- Perform Braveheart confidently. 348 S: 349 T: Perform Baveheart confidently. So, we have our guitars, our tunedpercussion, our 350 bass guitars in the classroom. I'm going to ask you to set up your instruments. Em, 351 keyboarders, if you can go to the keyboards you've normally been playing. Tuned 352 percussion you can sit there. Your music is there. Alright. Get started.
- 353 (incomprehensible)
- 354 S, can you take your jacket from around your waist please. Alright you can leave it 355 on it just looks very uncomfortable. Are you sure?
- 356 Yes. S:
- 357 T: Ok. Make sure you keyboard circuits are open. And S what would you remember with melody? What did we talk about last week? How many hands are we going to 358 359 put down?
- 360 S: One.
- 361 T: Correct. Well done.
- 362 Right, S. What part of the guitar? What part have you been playing so far? Right, 363 we'll have a wee rehearsal with you guys in about one minute.
- Is it the volume coming through? 364
- Thank you S. Right, S, how are you getting on? Good. Do you (incomprehensible) 365 366 percussion, ok?
- 367 Alright, S. How are you getting on? Are you alright?
- You're ok? You've got some new rhythm. Don't forget to practice the new rhythm. 368
- 369 Right, tuned percussionists. Are we going to have a wee rehearsal?
- 370 Ss: Yeah.
- 371 I give you a wee introduction? T:
- 372 (T & Ss play music)
- 373 T: What did you think?
- 374 Very good. Ss:
- 375 Very good. Why? T:
- 376 We all kept in time. S:

- T: You all kept in time, yes. That's, ... you know it was gonne be truly ... really critical saying you were just speeding up a tiny bit. What do you think, S? Did you notice that?

 S: Yes.

 T: Just a wee bit. Where S (incomprehensible) so again a little, little bit off time. So don't forget to listen to everyone else around you, particularly when
- don't forget to listen to everyone else around you, particularly when (incomprehensible) before us. So, S, were you ok. Because I saw that you got a little bit lost near the start. You were just finding your notes. Right. What I'm going to do now is rehearse the guitars and the bass guitars, feel free to play along as well.

 Alright, just to catch the start. You definitely (incomprehensible) very well done.
- So, guitarists. Are you ready to have a wee go?
- 388 S: (incomprehensible) I need a stand.
- 389 T: You're getting there? Need a hand?
- 390 S: It's ok.
- 391 (incomprehensible) I have. Right guitarists, are you ready?
- 392 Ss: Yeah.
- 393 T: Right. I'm going to record my accompaniment this time. So the next time we do it I can come round and see how you're getting on. Good. S
- 395 (T & Ss play music)
- 396 T: Well done, what did you think of that performance?
- 397 Ss: Good.
- 398 T: And...
- 399 S: I got a bit lost there on the third line (incomprehensible)
- 400 T: So, what happened I had noticed that you got lost? So what happens if you get lost or you get a wee bit? Try and get back into it. Now, I noticed S that you definitely managed that. S, you managed to get back in?
- 403 S: Not really.
- T: Not really? What's good about this piece of music is that you can get back into. (incomprehensible) Was it difficult all the way through?
- 406 S: It's quite slow so it's easier to get back into it.
- T: It's quite slow. And it's repetitive as well, yeah. So, you recognize even by listening to it a part then you should try and get back into it. Have another wee practise. I'm now going to rehearse with the keyboards, but you guys can still play. Is your volume set alright?
- 411 Right, keyboard players. How did you find that (incomprehensible) Ok, keyboard players. Can you, in a moment, unplug your headphones, you've done it. Brilliant. S, what hand do we play the melody with?
- 414 S: right.
- 415 T: Yes, thank you. Right.
- 416 (T & Ss play music)
- 417 T: Very well done. S, (incomprehensible) Ok, keyboard players, what did you think about it?
- 419 (incomprehensible)

S, when we did that last rehearsal you got lost. What did you get lost with?

- S. What did you think of that performance?
 S: I feel good.
 T: Were you sticking to one hand? Yes, you were.
- 424 S: The start line.

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- T: The start line. This bit here. Right, can you practise that slowly for me and repeat it? ... Good. Good. That's it. Good. Well done.
- 427 S: (incomprehensible)
- T: The last line. Right. Do the last line. There's no (incomprehensible) Good. (incomprehensible) So what you need to do is to use your personal practice time more. A little less chat a little more practice and you can manage that. (incomprehensible) Good. You need the practise (incomprehensible)
- Ok, second years. I would like us to try a class performance, please. So, keyboards could you all unplug your headphones. S, are you going to do the first one with us?
 Wonderful. All the way through, everyone. Now, what does good music start and end with?
- 436 Ss: Silence.
- 437 T: You can put yours away I will allow that, what do you think? Yeah. It's probably best. Ok, keyboarders get ready.
- 439 (T & Ss play music)
- Hands in the air. What do you do? And give yourselves a round of applause. Now, what did you think, keyboard players? Can you turn around, please? What did you think of that performance?
- 443 Ss: Good. It was good.
- 444 T: Why?
- 445 Ss: We all played in time.
- 446 T: We all played in time. Were we listening to one another?
- 447 Ss: Yeah.
- 448 T: Were we listening to the piano.
- 449 Ss: Yeah.
- 450 T: Yes. What did we think of the speed?
- 451 Ss: (incomprehensible)
- Everyone played in time.
- 453 T: Everyone played in time. I'll ask that question again, I'll use a different word. What did we think of the tempo?
- 455 S: Was it faster?
- T: It was quite fast. So, do you think we should maybe, cos one of the points that the guitarists made was good that it was slow. It gave you time to get back into music if you get lost. So maybe we should try a little bit slower this time, ok? So we really need to, I need to take her on board, because I will give the introduction as does the drummer because they help keep the tempo. Now in this performance, do we want everybody playing at the one time?
- 462 Ss: No.

501

502

503

S:

T:

S:

What do I write?

	3 Tra	anscript of the lesson 38
463	T:	No. Who would like to go first? What instrument should go first?
464	S:	I think guitarists.
465	S:	Guitars.
466	T:	Ok, so we start with guitars. Then, who should come in next?
467	Ss:	Well, percussion.
468	T:	Tuned percussion. Then?
469		(incomprehensible)
470		So S thinks the drums should come in with the tuned percussion. Are we all ok with
471		that?
472	Ss:	Yeah.
473	T:	Ok, so the guitars first, then tuned percussion and drum kit and then last but not
474		least our keyboarders. Now, when should the base guitar come in?
475	Ss:	With the guitars.
476	T:	With the guitars. S says whenever she feels like it. No, come in with the guitars.
477		Now, while I'm playing do you want me to play the melody or remember we
478		discussed this a few weeks ago do you want me to play chords?
479	Ss:	Chords.
480	T:	Chords? Oh, feeling confident this morning, aren't we? Right. Let's go for it then.
481		Here is our introduction. Guitarists, are you ready?
482	(T &	Ss play music)
483	T:	What do we do?
484	Ss:	Put your hands up in the air? And wave just don't care.
485	T:	And give us applause. Now, I am going to ask what you thought was good about the
486		performance and if indeed there was anything you need to work on. But I want to
487		record it on to our smart board. So, can we pack our instruments away and then
488		get back to your seats and sit down. Before we do that.
489		I like the applause.
490		There's still a keyboard (incomprehensible) on keyboard 14. That needs to go to
491		the front. Thank you. Watch your chair, S. Ok, then back to the learning intentions
492		that we discussed throughout and at the start of the lesson. S, I've spoken to you
493		about your chair. Thank you. Do you think we were successful in today's learning
494	_	intentions?
495	Ss:	Yeah.
496	T:	Yes. Remember what they were again. What was our first one?
497	S:	Recap Scottish instruments.
498	T:	Recap Scottish instruments. Were we successful with that?
499	Ss:	Yeah.
500	T:	How do we know that? Still make an answer. S.

Able to recognise Scottish instruments. Do you think there's anything we need to 504 T: 505 improve on there?

So we were able to recognise those instruments. You can write it up.

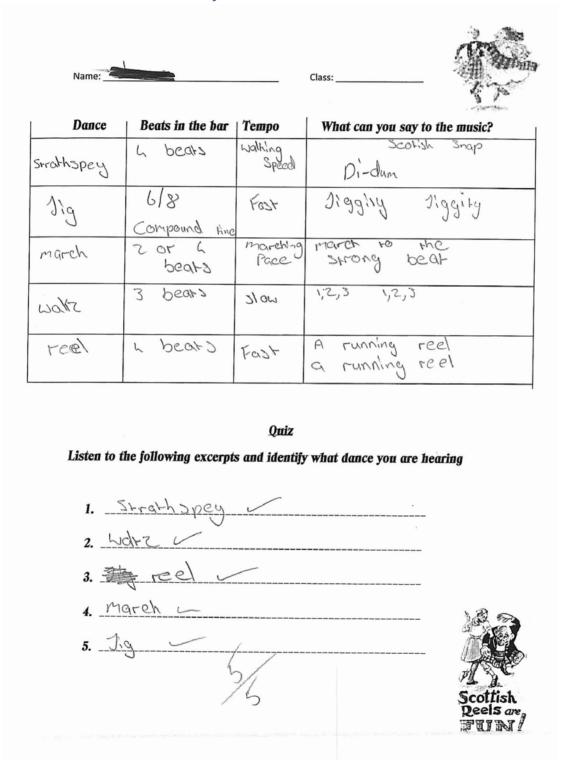
We could (incomprehensible) answer the questions?

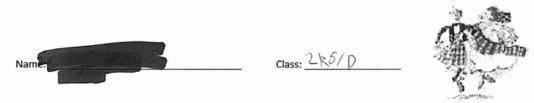
- 506 Ss: Yeah. No.
- T: No? Well, we got ... yes?
- 508 S: Families of the orchestra.
- T: Families of the orchestra, I would agree with that. Would you like to write that up?
- So that was our first learning intention. Our second learning intention. What was
- it? S again, you're on the ball today. S is thinking about it. Thinks she knows.
- 512 (incomprehensible) know. I'll ask S.
- 513 S: To play brave heart confidently.
- That wasn't our second one. Your correct, that was our third one. I'll come back
- you when we're asking about the third one. S ok. Go for it.
- 516 S: To be able to recognise the different Scottish dances.
- T: To recognise the different dances. And were we successful with that? S, I'm going to ask you. Were we successful in recognising dances? How do we know that?
- 519 S: Because we were able to find out the beats in the bar and what you can say to the
- 520 music.
- 521 T: Correct. So we were able to recognise features of the different dances. Can you
- write that up for me, please? Is there anything that we need to improve on with
- 523 that?
- 524 S: Em, trying not to mix it up.
- Trying not to mix it up, yes, a good one. But you focused on the tempo I think, so
- what would we really need to take in to consideration: all features. Yeah, just listen
- 527 to make sure you got all; be able to identify all the features not just the tempo but
- the beats in the bar, what you can say to the music. So identify all the features. So
- would one of you like to write that up? Brilliant, S. Thank you. And our last learning
- intention. S, I said I would come back to you on this one. What was it?
- 531 S: To perform 'Braveheart' confidently.
- T: To perform 'Braveheart' confidently. Do you think we managed that?
- 533 Ss: Yes.
- T: Yes. And particularly on that last performance I said I wasn't going to give you
- feedback until now. I can see S is dying to answer. What do you think?
- 536 S: I thought it was really good but at first I thought it was a bit slow but it gave others
- the chance to get back. So we knew what we were doing. That was better than
- before I just didn't have chance there.
- T: Absolutely. What we need to improve on is just consider the tempo. I think. Well
- let's give ourselves a good comment about what we think we did well. What do you
- think? How do we know that we did this successfully? S again, go for it!
- 542 S: we performed..em...like together
- T: we worked this piece out, we did it in time with each other. And S, did we manage
- to use the correct hand for the melody?
- 545 S: Yes.
- T: Yes. So we performed in time, we varied the performance. And did you need me to
- 547 play the melody?
- 548 S: no.

549	T:	No! I just played chords. And that's a requirement when you go up to 3rd or 4th
550		year with music. So very well done, cos you're only in S2. So would somebody like
551		to write up? S, would you like to do it? I've seen you've been very vocal in your
552		points this morning. So if you would like to write up how we know we've been
553		successful, because of the points you just said and how do we improve by just
554		watching our tempo. Very well done, second year, you worked very very well today
555		you produced excellent work and, not only that, a wonderful performance
556		So I think you all deserve a round of applause! and once S has written that up, you
557		can have a wee break and relax. Okay. Well done, thank you very much.

4 Teaching material

4.1 Worksheets filled out by students





Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Straths per	4 beads in	walking Pace	Statch Snap Di-Dum
D, C	6/8 Compoundline	Fast	Diagnity Diggity
Merch		marching Pace	horen 10 Ke Strong beat
WaltZ	3 beers in	510~	1/2/3/1/2/3
Rell	4 bears	East	a running rell

1.	THE STATE	Struthsper	<u> </u>
2.	nat Z		
3.	Reel	✓	
4.	March	\checkmark	
	Dia	~	
	<u></u>	5.	
		5	





Class: 2R5/10



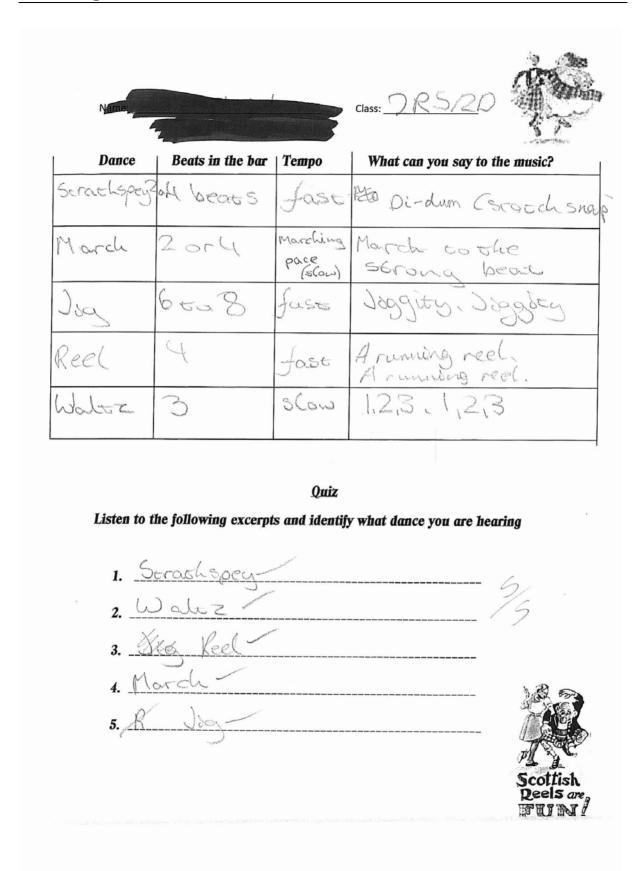
Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Walter	3 beales	565W	12,3
	in the bar	7 /	1,2,3
000/	4 beaks	Working	A running heel
Reel	In the bour	pacl	+ running reel
350	4 E/8 Add	Faces	JEOG CAY, SEGG THY
1901	& compound time	1 -000	
March 2	ory beat	marching	narch to the
7 - 001 C54	in the bar		Strong beat
Glandelle and	1332 H.	Fagt	Scotch-Snap
Strathapey	to easo in the ba	1	didum

Quiz

1.	Strumben	
	1-)	

- 2. Valtor V
- 3 Rell V
- 4. March V
- 5. <u>) (a)</u>







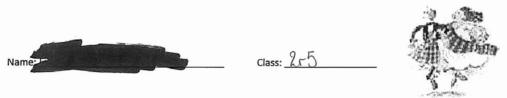
Class: 20/5



Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Waltz	3 beats in the	5kw	1,2,3
513	6/8 compound	Fast	Jogaty, Jogany
March	2 or 4 beads 18 The boar	Morching Pace	March to the strong beat
Strathspey	4 beating the	Walking Pace	Scotch Snap's Di-dum
Reel	4-beats on the	Fast	A nursing reel A minning reel

Quiz

	√	6
1.	Stralmspey V	5
2.	Waltz	J
3.	Reel	
4.	March	
5. .	Jig /	
		P
		Scotti



Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Worltz	3 beats in the bar	Slow	1, 2, 3 1, 2, 3
Jig	6/8 Compound time	Fast	Jiggity, Juggity, Juggity, Juggity
March	2 or 4 beats it the bar	Marchirg pace	March to the strong beat
Stalthspey	4 beats in the bar	Walking pace	Scotch Snap, Di-Dum
heel	Li bealts in the bour	Fast	A running reel A running reel

1.	Strathspey	5
2.	Waltz	
3.	Reel	
4.	March	
5.	Jig /	
		A
		Scottish Reels are



Class: 2/5



Дапсе	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Morch	2054	Morching	Morch to the strong bead
Waltz	3	Slow	1, 2,3 1,2,3
Jig	6/8	Fast	Tiggity, Tiggity
Reel	4	Fost	A running reel.
5 trathspey	4	Walking Pace	Scotch snap! Di-dum

Quiz

Waltz + Strathspey Strathspey + Waltz
Strathspey + Waltz.
Jig Reel V
March
Jig /







Дапсе	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Strallopey	4 beats in the box	halking Pace	Scotch Snapl. A-dum
March	earch box in the Marching March to the strong		March to the strong beat
Waltz	3 beats in the bar	Slow	4213 42,3
Tig	6/8 Compound bine	Fost	Traggity (Traggity
Red	4 boots in the box	Fost	Arunning sed, Hrunning sed

Quiz

}





Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
March	2 or L	Marchine Park	March to the Strong beat
Wal+Z	3	Slone	1,2,3
Jig	6/8	Sast	ligairy iligaira
Reel	4		Liggiry Liggiry A running reel Arunning reel
Strartspey	4	Wolking Pace	Scotch Snap! Di-Dum

Quiz

1.	Waltzx Strathspey
2.	Strashepeyx Waltz
	Reel
4.	March
5.	Jig. V
	3/5





Class: 2D/5



Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Strathspey	4 beats in a	boce Malking	Scotch Snap!
Jig	6/8	Fast	Di-Don Jiggity Jiggity
March	214	Morching Pace	March to the strong beat
Reel	41	Fast	A running reel
Waltz	3	Slow	1,2,3 1,23

Quiz

	. 5_
1.	Strathspay
2.	Maltz
3.	Reel /
4.	March /
5.	Jig /





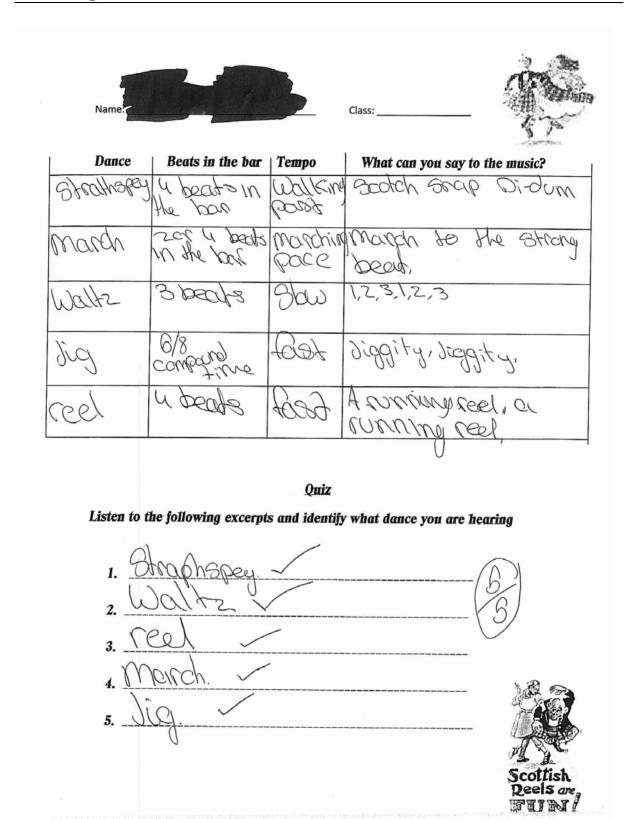
Class: 20/5

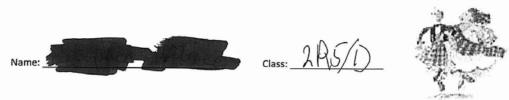


Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Strathspey	Walking pace	4 beats	Di-Dum
Jis	6/8 beats Fast Jiggity, J		Jiggity, Jiggity
March	2 or 4 beats	Marching Pace	March to the strong beat
Reel	4 beats	Fost	A running reel, Arunning reel
Waltz	3 beads	Slow	1,2,3, 1,2,3

Quiz

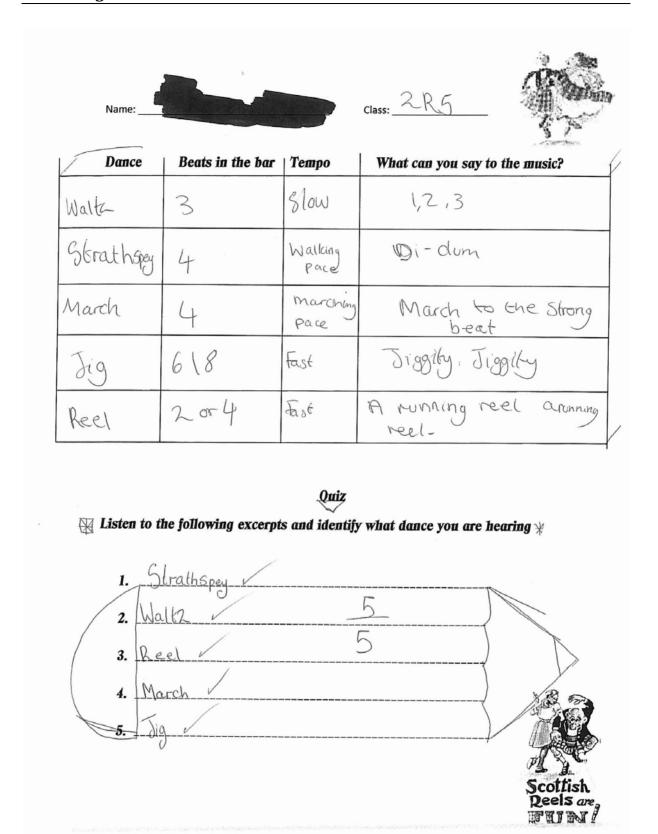
1.	Strathspey	
2.	Wattz	5_
3.	Red /	5
	March	
5.	T:_	
J	.Vig	
		Scottish Reels are
		Reels are





L	Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
	Waltz	3 beals	slow	1, 2,3. 1,2,3.
	Skrabhspey	4 beaks	ralking	Di-Jum
	March	4 beats	marching pace	warching peak -
	Jig	6/8 compand time	Fast	Jigity, Jugity
	Reel	2 or 4 beats	fosta	Arin A running reel. A running reel.

1.	Strathspey	
2.	waltz V	
3. .	Reel	
4	March	h.
<i>5</i>	Jig /	W. T.
	5_	pil
	K. C.	Sc
		理





Class: 2RS/2D



Dance	Beats in the bar	Тетро	What can you say to the music?
Waltz	3	8/ow	1,2,3 1,2,3
struthspey	4	Welking Porce	Scotch swap - Di dun
Mench	4	Meweling Poce	Manch to the strong beat
5/19	6/8	Fest	jiggty jiggty
Reel	Jort	Feest	A number Reel

Quiz

1.	Streeth spey	
2.	Waltz	5
<i>3</i> .	Milling Real V	5
	March	
T.	'\\a \	
0.	4,3	
		Scottish Reels are
		Reels are

4.2 Matching cards

Tempo	Fast		t you can say me with the music	Beats in the bar	Dance	
Tempo	Slow	What you can say in time with the music		Beats in the bar	Dance	
Tempo	Marching pace	What you can say in time with the music		Beats in the bar	Dance	
Tempo	Walking pace	What you can say in time with the music		Beats in the bar	Dance	
Tempo	Fast	What you can say in time with the music		Beats In the bar	Dance	
Reel 4 beats			A runnin			
Waltz 3 beats in the ba			1, 2, 1, 2,			
March		2 or 4 beats in the bar		o the beat,		
Strathsper	X.	4 beats <u>in</u> the bar		Snap! um		
Jig	6/8 Compound	time	Jiggi Jiggi			

4.3 Whiteboard Material

4.3.1 Guess the Instrument







Additional Material for the Scotland-Lesson, Christopher Wallbaum 2018 (ed.): Comparing International Music Lessons on Video. Olms: Göttingen, New York



4.3.2 Scottish Music Learning Intentions

Scottish Music Learning Intentions

- Recap Scottish Instruments
- Be able to recognise Scottish Dances
 - Perform Braveheart confidently

Success Criteria

- •I can identify features of the music
- I can distinguish between Scottish Dances
- •I can perform in a whole class performance of Braveheart



Think back to the <u>Learning Intentions</u> – have we been successful?

How Do We Know? How Do We Improve?

Able to recognish family's of the orchestral the features

Features of Scotting Consider all the features

Able to play together - Forus on tempo.

In time.

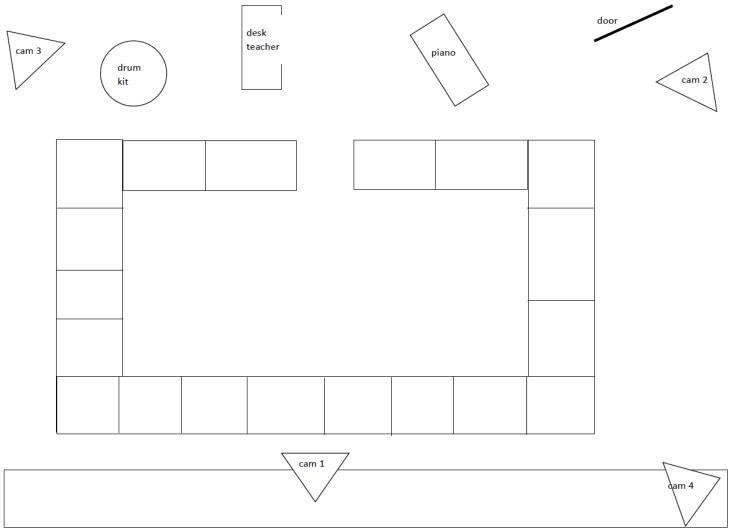
5 Postscript

When I entered the music staff rooms in the school, everyone seemed to be very well informed about the recording that was about to get started, even the headmaster. There was a tense, positively excited atmosphere.

In the school corridor next to the music rooms I noticed a display case where pupils and classes were honoured "Music pupil/class of the month". The class I was about to record was prized class of the month. The teacher told me later on it was because they were chosen by her for doing the recording. The pupils, therefore, knew as well that the recording project was a special situation and that they were chosen, because the teacher considered them being a "good" class. As the teacher told me, she practiced with them the piece they played very much in advance in order to ensure a good performance during the recording. She also said just before the beginning of the lesson that she prepared the lesson very well and already felt excited, as if she had to do an exam lesson again. All in all, everything and everyone seemed very well prepared.

I left the room during the recording, which is why I cannot comment on any features that occurred during the lesson.

6 Floor plan of music room



7 Technical Comments

The raising of this lesson shows deviations from the main setting in the following points:

- 1. Only one lesson was filmed
- 2. Some students did not agree to be interviewed.
- 3. One student insisted to have his face blurred on the distributed recording.
- 4. Due to the setup of the room, one additional camera angle was set up filming the happenings at the keyboards.

8 Structure of the DVDs

8.1 Angles / audio tracks / subtitle tracks

Camera angles are described regarding the position and direction of the camera. Left and right are related to the primary viewing direction of the teacher or, if applicable, the board.

Room	DVD angles	DVD audio-tracks	DVD subtitles
Main room	1. from the back	1. classroom sound, eng	1. classroom, eng
	2. from the front left		2. classroom, ger
	3. from the front right		
	4. from the back left (keyboards)		

8.2 Chapters according to teacher

Not available.

8 Structure of the DVDs

8.3 Chapters of the DVD

Chapter	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11	12	13
Time	00:00	00:05	00:10	00:15	00:20	00:25	00:30	00:35	00:40	00:45	00:50	00:55

9 Information on the education system in Scotland¹

9.1 Scottish Education







Education in Scotland is devolved from the UK Parliament and is the responsibility of the Scottish Government. State schools are funded by the Scottish Government through 32 Local Authorities (LA's). The biggest LA is Glasgow City with a population of 600,000 and the smallest is Orkney with a population of under 20,000. Education is free from the ages of 3 – 18 although 4.5% choose to send their children to fee-paying Independent schools. Private schooling is not available in every Local Authority and tends to be centred in the cities.

From the age of 3, children can attend an Early Learning Centre run by or in partnership with the LA. Part time places are free for all.

Compulsory full-time education begins when a child is typically between 4.5 and 5.5 years old – children must not be older than 5 when the school year begins in August. Children attend Primary school from Primary 1 (P1) until Primary 7 (P7) age 11, then transfer to a Secondary school. Secondaries are fully comprehensive with parents allowed to place a request to another school outwith the area where they live. Secondary schooling is compulsory from S1 to S4 when pupils can choose to leave school if they are aged 16. In recent years there has been a successful drive to encourage pupils to stay on until S5 or S6 to increase their qualifications, with most choosing to do so.

Qualifications are provided by the Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA) with examinations in S4 at National 3, 4 or 5 level, S5 Higher level (H) and S6 Advanced Higher (AH) – though there are a number of routes depending on the individual (see below). Per year students typically sit 6-8 National examinations, up to 5 Highers, and a mixture of levels in S6 e.g. 2 AH, 1 H, 1 N5.

Possible routes to qualifications in Scotland

S4	S5	S6	Comments
National 5	Higher	Advanced Higher	Most common route
National 4	National 5	Higher	
National 3	National 4	National 5	

¹ As provided by the scottish cooperation partners which organized the recording.

Other Information

Of the 2,569 schools in Scotland, 370 are state-run faith schools - **366** Catholic, **one** Jewish and **three** Episcopalian.

There are approximately 50,000 teachers in Scotland. They must be registered with the General Teaching Council Scotland (GTCS). The GTCS oversee university Initial Teacher Education programmes of study, and in partnership with LA's, run a one year Induction programme for all graduates. Graduating from a programme recognised by the GTCS guarantees full-time paid employment for one year. Typical routes into teaching are through a 4 year Undergraduate (Honours) degree, or a one year Postgraduate Diploma for those already having completed a suitable degree.

9.2 Scottish Music Education

9.2.1 Primary

Although some Local Authorities provide Music Specialists in Primary Schools, the majority do not. Music therefore is usually the responsibility of the class (generalist) teacher. The result of this is wide diversity in the quality of music education in Primary Schools and is often dependent upon the Head Teacher's opinion on the benefits of the Arts.

Local Authority's provide instrumental instruction in most schools, but generally there is a fee. Sistema Scotland, based on the Venezuelan El Sistema project where free orchestral lessons are offered to poor communities has been established at Raploch community in Stirling. Other socially run-down areas are now joining the 'Big Noise' project – Govanhill in Glasgow and Torry in Aberdeen in 2015.

9.2.2 Secondary

Prior to the 1980's music was an elitist subject with very small numbers of students, as the curriculum was only accessible to students who had attended instrumental lessons for some time (usually outwith school and with a paid private tutor/instructor). In the 1980's, in an attempt to revive the dwindling subject, practical music-making was introduced on a variety of classroom instruments. Since then, music has grown in popularity and now has over 20,000 candidates sitting examinations at Senior level annually, making it the seventh most popular course in Scotland.

Performing on two instruments (or one instrument and voice) is required at all levels of examinations, as well as composing a folio of pieces and undertaking a Listening Examination based on instrument and aural concept recognition, and musical literacy. Music Technology is a recent innovation at Senior level and is proving popular for students who enjoy the subject but may have difficulty performing at a high enough standard on two instruments.

Most secondary music courses are based on some form of the Integrated Curriculum where deeper learning is achieved studying concepts through a mixture of Performing, Listening and Composing. Based on research by Payntor and Aston (1970), Witkin (1974) and developments going on in the USA since the 1960's (Choksy et al, 1986.), the focus on understanding of musical concepts means that teachers are free to use teaching examples from any genre of

music. Genres which are appealing to the students are typically used e.g. Pop, Jazz, Folk, Film/TV, as well as Classical.

All Local Authorities have Instrumental instructors of a variety of instruments teaching pupils, usually in small groups of between two to four players. Most LA's charge for this service though it is usually free if a student chooses to take music at Senior Level. Instructors teach piano, bagpipes, orchestral instruments, brass band, and classroom instruments such as guitar, bass guitar, drum-kit and pitched percussion.

Bibliography

Payntor and Aston(1970), Witkin (1974) and (Choksy et al, 1986.) cited in Sheridan, M. and Byrne, C. (2003) *Music education*, in Scottish Education. Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh pp 575-579 Available at http://strathprints.strath.ac.uk/ (last accessed 25th August 2014)

9.3 Scottish Policy Overview

Curriculum for Excellence (CfE) was launched in 2004 after a lengthy and unprecedented consultation and a National Debate. The aim was to create a curriculum fit for the 21st century and to foster the development of knowledge, skills and attributes so that all children and young people in Scotland can affect four 'key capacities': successful learners, confident individuals, responsible citizens, and effective contributors to society.

CfE provides the framework for learning for all children and young people in Scotland aged 3 to 18 and sets out to unify learning across early years, primary and secondary. Underpinned by the work of AiFL, clear links in CfE policy documentation can be seen to an assessment programme which emphasises pupils taking increasing responsibility for their own learning.

CfE is being rolled-out and currently has been fully implemented in Primary and up to Secondary 3 (all levels up to S3 are described as a Broad General Education and all subject areas are compulsory)

In the Senior Phase (Secondary 4 to 6), new qualifications are being introduced over the next three years by the Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA). At this stage, students choose six to eight subjects and are provided with the opportunity to study at as advanced levels as possible, to a high degree of rigour. Normally students will sit National 3, 4 or 5 examinations in S4, Higher in S5 and Advanced Higher in S6, though CfE aims to offer a flexible programme whereby qualifications can be studied for over varying lengths of time, depending on the specific needs of the learner.

The curriculum is organised into eight curricular areas: Expressive Arts (Art and Design, Drama and Music); Health and Wellbeing (mental, emotional, social and physical); Languages (Classical, Modern and Gaelic); Mathematics; Religious and Moral Education; Sciences; Social Studies; Technologies. Additionally, all staff are charged with the responsibility to develop, reinforce and extend learning in Literacy, Numeracy and Health & Wellbeing. Each curriculum area is broken down into a set of Experiences (which describes the learning) and Outcomes (what the learning will achieve).

In-line with AiFL, teachers' planning should take account of the following seven principles of curriculum design - Challenge and enjoyment; Breadth; Progression; Depth; Personalisation and choice; Coherence; and Relevance.

CfE represents a different approach to learning in schools, and is intended to help learners develop skills, knowledge and understanding in more depth. Examples of how they will learn differently are: using technologies in learning; active learning; cooperative learning; interdisciplinary learning; outdoor learning; skills for learning, life and work.

Assessment is crucial to tracking progress, planning next steps, reporting and involving parents and learners in learning. Evidence of progress can be gathered by learners themselves, and by fellow pupils (peers), parents, teachers and other professionals.

There are 15 universities in Scotland – the oldest is St Andrew's founded in 1413. Glasgow, Aberdeen and Edinburgh all date from around 1600. Higher Education is funded by the Scottish Government and students resident in Scotland or the European Union do not pay tuition fees – students from the rest of the UK do have to pay fees.

Bibliography

Bryce, T.G.K. and Humes, W.M. (Eds) (2008) *Scottish education, third edition: beyond devolution*. Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh

Curriculum for Excellence Fact-file – overview of key terms and features. Available at – http://www.educationscotland.gov.uk/Images/CfEFactfileOverview_tcm4-665983.pdf (last accessed 28/08/2014)